

# **HOSHIZAKI®**MODULAR CRESCENT CUBER



KM-500MAH KM-500MWH KM-500MRH

# **SERVICE MANUAL**

CYCLESAVER evercheck

NUMBER: 73104

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#### · IMPORTANT -

Only qualified service technicians should attempt to service or maintain this icemaker. No service or maintenance should be undertaken until the technician has thoroughly read this Service Manual.

HOSHIZAKI provides this manual primarily to assist qualified service technicians in the service and maintenance of the icemaker.

Should the reader have any questions or concerns which have not been satisfactorily addressed, please call or write to the HOSHIZAKI Technical Support Department for assistance.

HOSHIZAKI AMERICA, INC. 618 Highway 74 South Peachtree City, GA 30269

Attn: HOSHIZAKI Technical Support Department

Phone: 1-800-233-1940 Technical Service

(770) 487-2331

Fax: (770) 487-3360

**NOTE:** To expedite assistance, all correspondence/communication MUST include the following information:

- Model Number
- Serial Number
- Complete and detailed explanation of the problem

 Please review this manual. It should be read carefully before the icemaker is serviced or maintenance operations performed. Only qualified service technicians should service and maintain the icemaker. This manual should be made available to the technician prior to service or maintenance.

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# I. SPECIFICATIONS

# 1. KM-500MAH

AC SUPPLY VOLTAGE	115/60/1				
AMPERAGE		Freeze AT 104°I	= / WT 80°F)		
MINIMUM CIRCUIT AMPACITY	20 A		,,		
MAXIMUM FUSE SIZE	20 A				
APPROXIMATE ICE PRODUCTION	Ambient	W.	ATER TEMP. (°	°F)	
PER 24 HR.	Temp.(°F)	50	70	90	
lbs./day ( kg/day )	70	*499 (226)	468 (212)	428 (194)	
Reference without *marks	80	475 (216)	427 (194)	389 (176)	
	90	468 (212)	*393 (178)	353 (160)	
	100	461 (209)	384 (174)	317 (144)	
SHAPE OF ICE	Crescent Cube	)			
ICE PRODUCTION PER CYCLE	9.5 lbs. (4.3 l	kg) 480 pcs.			
APPROXIMATE STORAGE CAPACITY	N/A				
ELECTRIC & WATER CONSUMPTION	90/70°F		70/50°F		
ELECTRIC W (kWH/100 lbs.)	1212 (7.4)		1164 (5.6)		
WATER gal./24HR (gal./100 lbs.)	113 (28.8)		250 (50.1)		
EXTERIOR DIMENSIONS (WxDxH)		30-5/6" (560 x		)	
EXTERIOR FINISH		l, Galvanized St	, ,		
WEIGHT		69 kg ), Shipping	g 175 lbs. (80 k	g)	
CONNECTIONS - ELECTRIC	Permanent - C				
- WATER SUPPLY	Inlet 1/2" F				
- DRAIN	Outlet 3/4" FPT				
		D Pipe			
CUBE CONTROL SYSTEM	Float Switch		. —		
HARVESTING CONTROL SYSTEM	Hot Gas and Water, Thermistor and Timer				
ICE MAKING WATER CONTROL		ed. Overflow Pip	e		
COOLING WATER CONTROL	N/A	.1 20 B.L.			
BIN CONTROL SYSTEM	Proximity Switch with Delay				
COMPRESSOR CONDENSER	•	lodel AKA9455Z	.AA		
EVAPORATOR	Air-cooled, Fin	• •	and Connar		
REFRIGERANT CONTROL		Stainless Steel	and Copper		
REFRIGERANT CHARGE	R-404A,	Expansion Valve 1 lb. 10 oz. (7	'25 a \		
DESIGN PRESSURE	•	6, Low 230 PSIC	• ,		
P.C. BOARD CIRCUIT PROTECTION		Cut-out (Internal			
COMPRESSOR PROTECTION		erload Protector	•		
REFRIGERANT CIRCUIT PROTECTION			•		
LOW WATER PROTECTION	Auto-reset High Pressure Control Switch Float Switch				
ACCESSORIES -SUPPLIED	N/A				
-REQUIRED	Ice Storage Bi	n			
OPERATING CONDITIONS	VOLTAGE RA			104 - 127 V	
	AMBIENT TEM			45 -100° F	
	WATER SUPF			45 - 90° F	
		LY PRESSURE		10 - 113 PSIG	

Note: We reserve the right to make changes in specifications and design without prior notice.

# 2a. KM-500MWH

# Serial #L00001D - M20960C

AC SUPPLY VOLTAGE	115/60/1					
AMPERAGE	10 A (5 Min. Freeze AT 104°F / WT 80°F)					
MINIMUM CIRCUIT AMPACITY	20 A		,			
MAXIMUM FUSE SIZE	20 A					
APPROXIMATE ICE PRODUCTION	Ambient	W	ATER TEMP. (	°F)		
PER 24 HR.	Temp.(°F)	50	70	90		
lbs./day ( kg/day )	70	*463 (210)	448 (203)	423 (192)		
Reference without *marks	80	451 (205)	428 (194)	401 (180)		
	90	448 (203)	*411 (186)	385 (175)		
	100	442 (200)	405 (184)	361 (164)		
SHAPE OF ICE	Crescent Cube					
ICE PRODUCTION PER CYCLE	9.5 lbs. (4.3 k	(g) 480 pcs.				
APPROXIMATE STORAGE CAPACITY	N/A					
ELECTRIC & WATER CONSUMPTION	90/70°F		70/50°F			
ELECTRIC W (kWH/100 lbs.)	1130 (6.6)		1100 (5.7)			
WATER gal./24HR (gal./100 lbs.)	135 (32)		245 (52.8)			
WATER COOLED CONDENSER	723 (176)		380 (82)			
gal./24HR (gal./100 lbs.)						
EXTERIOR DIMENSIONS (WxDxH)	22" x 27-3/8" x	30-5/16" (560	x 695 x 770 mn	n)		
EXTERIOR FINISH		I, Galvanized St	` '			
WEIGHT	Net 146 lbs. (6	66 kg ), Shipping	g 170 lbs. (77 k	g.)		
CONNECTIONS - ELECTRIC	Permanent - C					
- WATER SUPPLY	Inlet 1/2" F		Condenser Inle	t 1/2" FPT		
- DRAIN	Outlet 3/4" FI	PT	Condenser Out	let 3/8" FPT		
	3/8" OD Pipe					
CUBE CONTROL SYSTEM	Float Switch					
HARVESTING CONTROL SYSTEM		later, Thermist				
ICE MAKING WATER CONTROL		ed. Overflow Pip	e			
COOLING WATER CONTROL	Pressure Regu					
BIN CONTROL SYSTEM	Proximity Swit			_		
COMPRESSOR	,	lodel AKA9455Z				
CONDENSER		Tube in tube typ				
EVAPORATOR	• • •	Stainless Steel	• • •			
REFRIGERANT CONTROL		xpansion Valve				
REFRIGERANT CHARGE	R-404A,	13.2 oz. (375	• ,			
DESIGN PRESSURE		, Low 230 PSI				
P.C. BOARD CIRCUIT PROTECTION	-	Cut-out (Internal	•			
COMPRESSOR PROTECTION		rload Protector	•			
REFRIGERANT CIRCUIT PROTECTION	Auto-reset High Pressure Control Switch					
LOW WATER PROTECTION	Float Switch					
ACCESSORIES -SUPPLIED	N/A					
-REQUIRED	Ice Storage Bir			104 10= ::		
OPERATING CONDITIONS	VOLTAGE RAI			104 - 127 V		
	AMBIENT TEM			45 -100° F		
	WATER SUPP		_	45 - 90° F		
	WATER SUPP	LY PRESSURE	=	10 - 113 PSIG		

Note: We reserve the right to make changes in specifications and design without prior notice.

# 2b. KM-500MWH

# Serial #M30961D -

AC SUPPLY VOLTAGE  AMPERAGE  AMPERAGE  AMPERAGE  MINIMUM CIRCUIT AMPACITY  ANAIMUM FUSE SIZE  APPROXIMATE ICE PRODUCTION  PER 24 HR.  Ibs./day ( kg/day )  Reference without *marks  Reference without *Reference without *Pipe  Vertical type, Stainless Steel and Copper Thermostatic Expansion Valve  Referider RANT CONTROL  Reference without *Pus *Pip *Pipe *Pi
MINIMUM CIRCUIT AMPACITY
MAXIMUM FUSE SIZE         20 A           APPROXIMATE ICE PRODUCTION         Ambient         WATER TEMP. (°F)           PER 24 HR.         Temp. (°F)         50         70         90           Ibs./day ( kg/day )         70         *480 (218)         471 (213)         439 (199)           Reference without *marks         80         473 (214)         458 (208)         417 (189)           90         471 (213)         *448 (203)         410 (186)           100         458 (208)         439 (199)         375 (170)           SHAPE OF ICE         Crescent Cube         9.5 lbs. (4.3 kg) 480 pcs.           ICE PRODUCTION PER CYCLE         Approximate Storage Capacity         N/A           ELECTRIC & WATER CONSUMPTION         90/70°F         70/50°F           ELECTRIC & WkWH/100 lbs.)         1157 (6.2)         1140 (5.7)           WATER Gal./24HR (gal./100 lbs.)         133 (29.7)         268 (55.8)           WATER ROOLED CONDENSER gal./24HR (gal./100 lbs.)         699 (156)         394 (82)           EXTERIOR DIMENSIONS (WXDXH)         22" x 27-3/8" x 30-5/16" (560 x 695 x 770 mm)           EXTERIOR FINISH         Stainless Steel, Galvanized Steel (Rear)           WEIGHT         Net 146 lbs. ( 66 kg ), Shipping 170 lbs. ( 77 kg )           Permanent - Connection
Ambient   Temp. (°F)   50   70   90
PER 24 HR.   Ibs./day ( kg/day )   Reference without *marks   Reference w
Stainless Steel, Galvanized Steel (Rear)
Reference without *marks
90
100   458 (208)   439 (199)   375 (170)
SHAPE OF ICE ICE PRODUCTION PER CYCLE APPROXIMATE STORAGE CAPACITY ELECTRIC & WATER CONSUMPTION ELECTRIC W (kWH/100 lbs.) WATER gal./24HR (gal./100 lbs.) WATER COOLED CONDENSER gal./24HR (gal./100 lbs.) EXTERIOR DIMENSIONS (WxDxH) EXTERIOR FINISH WEIGHT CONNECTIONS - ELECTRIC - WATER SUPPLY - DRAIN CUBE CONTROL SYSTEM HARVESTING CONTROL SYSTEM HARVESTING CONTROL BIN CONTROL SYSTEM COMPRESSOR CONDENSER Vertical type, Vertical type, Vertical type, Vertical type, Vertical type, Vertical type, Value  9.5 lbs. (4.3 kg) 480 pcs. N/A  9.5 lbs. (4.3 kg) 480 pcs. N/A  1140 (5.7) 70/50°F 70/50° 7
ICE PRODUCTION PER CYCLE APPROXIMATE STORAGE CAPACITY  PELECTRIC & WATER CONSUMPTION ELECTRIC W (kWH/100 lbs.)  WATER gal./24HR (gal./100 lbs.)  WATER COOLED CONDENSER gal./24HR (gal./100 lbs.)  EXTERIOR DIMENSIONS (WxDxH)  EXTERIOR FINISH  WATER SUPPLY - DRAIN  CUBE CONTROL SYSTEM HARVESTING CONTROL SYSTEM HARVESTING CONTROL SYSTEM IN CONTROL SYSTEM  COMPRESSOR  CONDENSER APPROXIMATE SUPPLY DESCRIPTION OF TO/50°F  70/50°F 70/50° 7
APPROXIMATE STORAGE CAPACITY  ELECTRIC & WATER CONSUMPTION  ELECTRIC W (kWH/100 lbs.)  WATER gal./24HR (gal./100 lbs.)  WATER COOLED CONDENSER  gal./24HR (gal./100 lbs.)  EXTERIOR DIMENSIONS (WxDxH)  EXTERIOR FINISH  WEIGHT  CONNECTIONS - ELECTRIC  - WATER SUPPLY - DRAIN  CUBE CONTROL SYSTEM  HARVESTING CONTROL SYSTEM  HARVESTING CONTROL  COOLING WATER CONTROL  COMPRESSOR  COMPRESSOR  CONDENSER  WATER CONTROL  POTONION - END CONTROL  COMPRESSOR  COMPRESSOR  CONDENSER  Water-cooled, Tube in tube type  Vertical type, Stainless Steel and Copper  Thermostatic Expansion Valve
ELECTRIC & WATER CONSUMPTION  ELECTRIC W (kWH/100 lbs.)  WATER gal./24HR (gal./100 lbs.)  WATER COOLED CONDENSER  gal./24HR (gal./100 lbs.)  EXTERIOR DIMENSIONS (WxDxH)  EXTERIOR FINISH  WEIGHT  CONNECTIONS - ELECTRIC  - WATER SUPPLY - DRAIN  HARVESTING CONTROL SYSTEM  HARVESTING CONTROL  BIN CONTROL SYSTEM  BIN CONTROL SYSTEM  COMPRESSOR  COMPRESSOR  COMPRESSOR  CONDENSER  EVAPORATOR  ELECTRIC W(kWH/100 lbs.)  1157 (6.2)  1140 (5.7)  1140 (5.8)  1140 (5.7)  1140 (5.8)  1140 (5.7)  1140 (5.8)  112 (6.9)  112 (6.9)  112 (7 14)  112 (14)  112 (14)  112 (14)  112 (14)  112 (14)  112 (14)  112 (14)  112 (14)  112 (14)  112 (14)  112 (14)  112 (14)  112 (14)  112 (14)  112 (14)  112 (14)  112 (14)
ELECTRIC W (kWH/100 lbs.) WATER gal./24HR (gal./100 lbs.) WATER COOLED CONDENSER gal./24HR (gal./100 lbs.)  EXTERIOR DIMENSIONS (WxDxH) EXTERIOR FINISH WEIGHT CONNECTIONS - ELECTRIC - WATER SUPPLY - DRAIN  CUBE CONTROL SYSTEM HARVESTING CONTROL BIN CONTROL SYSTEM HOLD COOLING WATER CONTROL BIN CONTROL SYSTEM BIN CON
WATER gal./24HR (gal./100 lbs.) WATER COOLED CONDENSER gal./24HR (gal./100 lbs.)  EXTERIOR DIMENSIONS (WxDxH) EXTERIOR FINISH WEIGHT CONNECTIONS - ELECTRIC - WATER SUPPLY - DRAIN  CUBE CONTROL SYSTEM HARVESTING CONTROL BIN CONTROL SYSTEM FICE MAKING WATER CONTROL BIN CONTROL SYSTEM BY AND ASSOCIATION SAME AND ASSOCIATION SWITCH WITH Delay BY AND ASSOCIATION SWITCH WITH DELAY BY AND ASSOCIATION SAME AND ASSOCIATION SWITCH WITH DELAY BY AND ASSOCIATION SAME AND ASSOCIATION SWITCH WITH DELAY BY AND ASSOCIATION SAME AND ASSOCIATIO
WATER COOLED CONDENSER gal./24HR (gal./100 lbs.)  EXTERIOR DIMENSIONS (WxDxH) EXTERIOR FINISH WEIGHT CONNECTIONS - ELECTRIC - WATER SUPPLY - DRAIN CUBE CONTROL SYSTEM HARVESTING CONTROL COOLING WATER CONTROL BIN CONTROL SYSTEM COMPRESSOR COMPRESSOR COMPRESSOR COMPRESSOR CONDENSER EVAPORATOR EXTERIOR DIMENSIONS (WxDxH)  22" x 27-3/8" x 30-5/16" (560 x 695 x 770 mm) Stainless Steel, Galvanized Steel (Rear) Net 146 lbs. ( 66 kg ), Shipping 170 lbs. ( 77 kg )  Permanent - Connection Inlet 1/2" FPT Condenser Inlet 1/2" FPT Outlet 3/4" FPT 3/8" OD Pipe  Float Switch Hot Gas and Water, Thermistor and Timer Timer Controlled. Overflow Pipe COOLING WATER CONTROL Pressure Regulator BIN CONTROL SYSTEM Proximity Switch with Delay  COMPRESSOR Vertical type, Stainless Steel and Copper REFRIGERANT CONTROL Thermostatic Expansion Valve
gal./24HR (gal./100 lbs.)  EXTERIOR DIMENSIONS (WxDxH)  EXTERIOR FINISH  WEIGHT  CONNECTIONS - ELECTRIC  - WATER SUPPLY - DRAIN  CUBE CONTROL SYSTEM  HARVESTING CONTROL SYSTEM  COOLING WATER CONTROL  COMPRESSOR  COMPRESSOR  COMPRESSOR  CONDENSER  EVAPORATOR  RESTRIGE RANT CONTROL  EXTERIOR DIMENSIONS (WxDxH)  22" x 27-3/8" x 30-5/16" (560 x 695 x 770 mm)  Stainless Steel, Galvanized Steel (Rear)  Net 146 lbs. ( 66 kg ), Shipping 170 lbs. ( 77 kg )  Permanent - Connection  Inlet 1/2" FPT  Condenser Inlet 1/2" FPT  Outlet 3/4" FPT  3/8" OD Pipe  Float Switch  Hot Gas and Water, Thermistor and Timer  Timer Controlled. Overflow Pipe  Proximity Switch with Delay  COMPRESSOR  Water-cooled, Tube in tube type  EVAPORATOR  REFRIGERANT CONTROL  Thermostatic Expansion Valve
EXTERIOR DIMENSIONS (WxDxH)  EXTERIOR FINISH  WEIGHT  CONNECTIONS - ELECTRIC  - WATER SUPPLY - DRAIN  HARVESTING CONTROL SYSTEM  HOR MAKING WATER CONTROL  BIN CONTROL SYSTEM  BIN CONTROL SYSTEM  BIN CONTROL SYSTEM  BIN CONTROL SYSTEM  COMPRESSOR  CONDENSER  CONDENSER  CONDENSER  EVAPORATOR  REFRIGERANT CONTROL  22" x 27-3/8" x 30-5/16" (560 x 695 x 770 mm)  Stainless Steel, Galvanized Steel (Rear)  Net 146 lbs. (66 kg), Shipping 170 lbs. (77 kg)  Permanent - Connection  Inlet 1/2" FPT  Condenser Inlet 1/2" FPT  Condenser Outlet 3/8" FPT  3/8" OD Pipe  Condenser Outlet 3/8" FPT  Stainless Steel (Rear)  Net 146 lbs. (66 kg), Shipping 170 lbs. (77 kg)  Permanent - Connection  Inlet 1/2" FPT  Condenser Inlet 1/2" FPT  Condenser Outlet 3/8" FPT  3/8" OD Pipe  Float Switch  Hot Gas and Water, Thermistor and Timer  Timer Controlled. Overflow Pipe  Pressure Regulator  Proximity Switch with Delay  Proximity Switch with Delay  COMPRESSOR  Hermetic, Model AKA9455ZXA  Water-cooled, Tube in tube type  Vertical type, Stainless Steel and Copper  Thermostatic Expansion Valve
EXTERIOR FINISH  WEIGHT  CONNECTIONS - ELECTRIC  - WATER SUPPLY - DRAIN  HARVESTING CONTROL SYSTEM  HARVESTING WATER CONTROL  COOLING WATER CONTROL  BIN CONTROL SYSTEM  BIN CONTROL SYSTEM  BIN CONTROL SYSTEM  COMPRESSOR  COMPRESSOR  CONDENSER  CONDENSER  EVAPORATOR  REFRIGERANT CONTROL  Stainless Steel, Galvanized Steel (Rear)  Net 146 lbs. (66 kg), Shipping 170 lbs. (77 kg)  Permanent - Connection  Inlet 1/2" FPT  Condenser Inlet 1/2" FPT  Condenser Outlet 3/8" FPT  3/8" OD Pipe  Float Switch  Hot Gas and Water, Thermistor and Timer  Timer Controlled. Overflow Pipe  Pressure Regulator  Proximity Switch with Delay  Water-cooled, Tube in tube type  Vertical type, Stainless Steel and Copper  Thermostatic Expansion Valve
WEIGHT CONNECTIONS - ELECTRIC - WATER SUPPLY - DRAIN CUBE CONTROL SYSTEM HARVESTING CONTROL COLING WATER CONTROL C
CONNECTIONS - ELECTRIC - WATER SUPPLY - DRAIN  CUBE CONTROL SYSTEM HARVESTING CONTROL SYSTEM ICE MAKING WATER CONTROL BIN CONTROL SYSTEM BIN CONTROL SYSTEM COMPRESSOR CONDENSER CONDENSER EVAPORATOR REFRIGERANT CONTROL  Inlet 1/2" FPT Condenser Inlet 1/2" FPT Condenser Outlet 3/8" FPT 3/8" OD Pipe Float Switch Hot Gas and Water, Thermistor and Timer Timer Controlled. Overflow Pipe Pressure Regulator Proximity Switch with Delay Vertical type, Stainless Steel and Copper Thermostatic Expansion Valve
- WATER SUPPLY - DRAIN Outlet 3/4" FPT Condenser Inlet 1/2" FPT 3/8" OD Pipe  CUBE CONTROL SYSTEM HARVESTING CONTROL SYSTEM HOT Gas and Water, Thermistor and Timer ICE MAKING WATER CONTROL COOLING WATER CONTROL BIN CONTROL SYSTEM Proximity Switch with Delay  COMPRESSOR Hermetic, Model AKA9455ZXA CONDENSER Water-cooled, Tube in tube type EVAPORATOR REFRIGERANT CONTROL Timer Controlled. Overflow Pipe Proximity Switch with Delay  Water-cooled, Tube in tube type Vertical type, Stainless Steel and Copper Thermostatic Expansion Valve
- DRAIN Outlet 3/4" FPT Condenser Outlet 3/8" FPT 3/8" OD Pipe  CUBE CONTROL SYSTEM HARVESTING CONTROL SYSTEM Hot Gas and Water, Thermistor and Timer ICE MAKING WATER CONTROL COOLING WATER CONTROL BIN CONTROL SYSTEM Pressure Regulator BIN CONTROL SYSTEM Proximity Switch with Delay  COMPRESSOR Hermetic, Model AKA9455ZXA CONDENSER Water-cooled, Tube in tube type EVAPORATOR REFRIGERANT CONTROL Thermostatic Expansion Valve
3/8" OD Pipe  CUBE CONTROL SYSTEM Float Switch  HARVESTING CONTROL SYSTEM Hot Gas and Water, Thermistor and Timer  ICE MAKING WATER CONTROL Timer Controlled. Overflow Pipe  COOLING WATER CONTROL Pressure Regulator  BIN CONTROL SYSTEM Proximity Switch with Delay  COMPRESSOR Hermetic, Model AKA9455ZXA  CONDENSER Water-cooled, Tube in tube type  EVAPORATOR Vertical type, Stainless Steel and Copper  REFRIGERANT CONTROL Thermostatic Expansion Valve
CUBE CONTROL SYSTEM HARVESTING CONTROL SYSTEM Hot Gas and Water, Thermistor and Timer ICE MAKING WATER CONTROL COOLING WATER CONTROL BIN CONTROL SYSTEM Proximity Switch with Delay COMPRESSOR Hermetic, Model AKA9455ZXA CONDENSER Water-cooled, Tube in tube type EVAPORATOR REFRIGERANT CONTROL Timer Controlled. Overflow Pipe Pressure Regulator Proximity Switch with Delay Water-cooled, Tube in tube type Vertical type, Stainless Steel and Copper Thermostatic Expansion Valve
ICE MAKING WATER CONTROL COOLING WATER CONTROL BIN CONTROL SYSTEM Proximity Switch with Delay  COMPRESSOR Hermetic, Model AKA9455ZXA  CONDENSER Water-cooled, Tube in tube type EVAPORATOR REFRIGERANT CONTROL Timer Controlled. Overflow Pipe Pressure Regulator Note Hermetic, Model AKA9455ZXA Water-cooled, Tube in tube type Vertical type, Stainless Steel and Copper Thermostatic Expansion Valve
COOLING WATER CONTROL  BIN CONTROL SYSTEM  Proximity Switch with Delay  COMPRESSOR  Hermetic, Model AKA9455ZXA  CONDENSER  Water-cooled, Tube in tube type  EVAPORATOR  Vertical type, Stainless Steel and Copper  REFRIGERANT CONTROL  Thermostatic Expansion Valve
COOLING WATER CONTROL  BIN CONTROL SYSTEM  Proximity Switch with Delay  COMPRESSOR  Hermetic, Model AKA9455ZXA  CONDENSER  Water-cooled, Tube in tube type  EVAPORATOR  Vertical type, Stainless Steel and Copper  REFRIGERANT CONTROL  Thermostatic Expansion Valve
COMPRESSOR Hermetic, Model AKA9455ZXA CONDENSER Water-cooled, Tube in tube type EVAPORATOR Vertical type, Stainless Steel and Copper REFRIGERANT CONTROL Thermostatic Expansion Valve
CONDENSER Water-cooled, Tube in tube type  EVAPORATOR Vertical type, Stainless Steel and Copper  REFRIGERANT CONTROL Thermostatic Expansion Valve
EVAPORATOR Vertical type, Stainless Steel and Copper REFRIGERANT CONTROL Thermostatic Expansion Valve
REFRIGERANT CONTROL Thermostatic Expansion Valve
· ·
REFRIGERANT CHARGE R-404A, 15 oz. ( 425 g )
DESIGN PRESSURE High 427 PSIG, Low 206 PSIG
P.C. BOARD CIRCUIT PROTECTION High Voltage Cut-out (Internal)
COMPRESSOR PROTECTION Auto-reset Overload Protector (Internal)
REFRIGERANT CIRCUIT PROTECTION Auto-reset High Pressure Control Switch
LOW WATER PROTECTION Float Switch
ACCESSORIES -SUPPLIED N/A
-REQUIRED Ice Storage Bin
OPERATING CONDITIONS VOLTAGE RANGE 104 - 127 V
AMBIENT TEMP. 45 -100° F
WATER SUPPLY TEMP. 45 - 90° F
WATER SUPPLY PRESSURE 10 - 113 PSIG

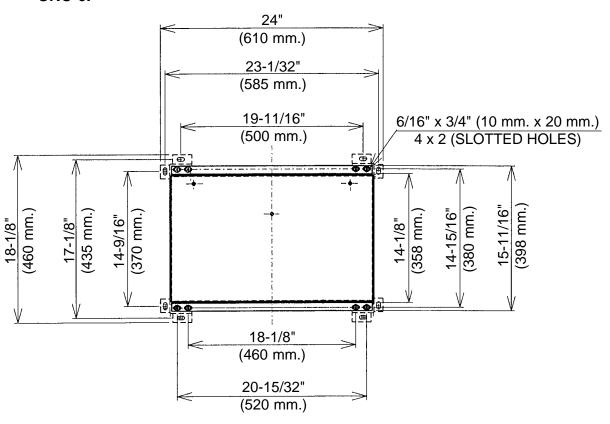
# 3. KM-500MRH

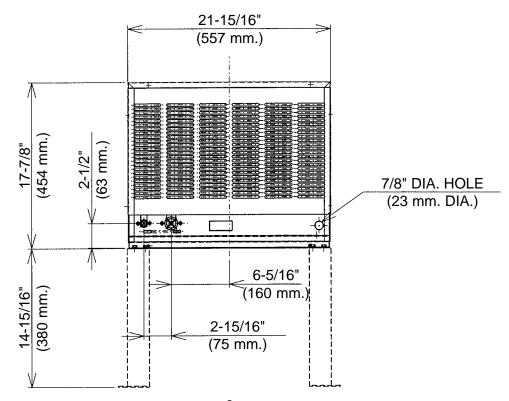
AC SUPPLY VOLTAGE	115/60/1				
AMPERAGE	15 A (5 Min. I	Freeze AT 104°l	F / WT 80°F)		
MINIMUM CIRCUIT AMPACITY	20 A		,		
MAXIMUM FUSE SIZE	20 A				
APPROXIMATE ICE PRODUCTION	Ambient	W.	ATER TEMP. (	°F)	
PER 24 HR.	Temp.(°F)	50	70	90	
lbs./day ( kg/day )	70	*517 235)	493 (224)	449 (204)	
Reference without *marks	80	499(226)	462 (210)	411 (187)	
	90	493 (224)	*436 (198)	387 (176)	
	100	480 (218)	425 (193)	342 (155)	
SHAPE OF ICE	Crescent Cube	480			
ICE PRODUCTION PER CYCLE	9.5 lbs. (4.3 kg	g) 480 pcs.			
APPROXIMATE STORAGE CAPACITY	N/A				
ELECTRIC & WATER CONSUMPTION	90/70°F		70/50°F		
ELECTRIC W (kWH/100 lbs.)	1272 (7.0)		1206 (5.6)		
WATER gal./24HR (gal./100 lbs.)	137 (31.3)		233 (45.1)		
EXTERIOR DIMENSIONS (WxDxH)	22" x 27-3/8" x	30-5/16" (560	x 695 x 770 mn	n)	
EXTERIOR FINISH	Stainless Stee	I, Galvanized St	eel (Rear)		
WEIGHT	Net 151 lbs. (6	69 kg), Shipping	g 175 lbs. ( 80 k	kg )	
CONNECTIONS - ELECTRIC	Permanent - C	onnection			
- WATER SUPPLY	Inlet 1/2" FI	PT			
- DRAIN	Outlet 3/4" FI	PT			
	3/8" C	DD Pipe			
CUBE CONTROL SYSTEM	Float Switch				
HARVESTING CONTROL SYSTEM	Hot Gas and Water, Thermistor and Timer				
ICE MAKING WATER CONTROL	Timer Controlled. Overflow Pipe				
COOLING WATER CONTROL	N/A				
BIN CONTROL SYSTEM	Proximity Swit	ch with Delay			
COMPRESSOR	Hermetic, Model AKA9455ZXA				
CONDENSER	Air-cooled Rem	note, Condenser	Unit URC 6F		
EVAPORATOR	Vertical type,	Stainless Steel	and Copper		
REFRIGERANT CONTROL	Thermostatic E	Expansion Valve			
	Condensing Pr	essure Regulato	or on URC-6F		
REFRIGERANT CHARGE	R-404A,	4 lbs. 0 oz. (1	800 g )		
	( Icemaker 2 lb	s. 1.5 oz. Cond	. Unit 1 lb. 14 o	z.)	
DESIGN PRESSURE		, Low 230 PSIC			
P.C. BOARD CIRCUIT PROTECTION	-	Cut-out (Internal	•		
COMPRESSOR PROTECTION	Auto-reset Overload Protector (Internal)				
REFRIGERANT CIRCUIT PROTECTION	Auto-reset High Pressure Control Switch				
LOW WATER PROTECTION	Float Switch				
ACCESSORIES -SUPPLIED	N/A				
-REQUIRED		n, Remote Cond	denser Unit		
OPERATING CONDITIONS	VOLTAGE RAI			104 - 127 V	
	AMBIENT TEM			45 -100° F	
	WATER SUPP			45 - 90° F	
	WATER SUPP	LY PRESSURE		10 - 113 PSIG	

Note: We reserve the right to make changes in specifications and design without prior notice.

#### 4. CONDENSER UNIT

### **URC-6F**





#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

MODEL:	URC-6F
--------	--------

EXTERIOR Galvanized Steel

DIMENSIONS (W x D x H) 21-15/16" x 15-11/16" x 17-7/8"

(557 x 398 x 453.8 mm.)

REFRIGERANT CHARGE R404A 1 lb. 2 oz. (505 g)

WEIGHT Net 61 lbs. (28 kg)

Shipping 68 lbs. (31 kg)

CONNECTIONS

REFRIGERANT One Shot Couplings (Aeroquip)
ELECTRICAL Permanent Connection

CONDENSER Air-cooled

HEAD PRESSURE CONTROL Condensing Pressure Regulator

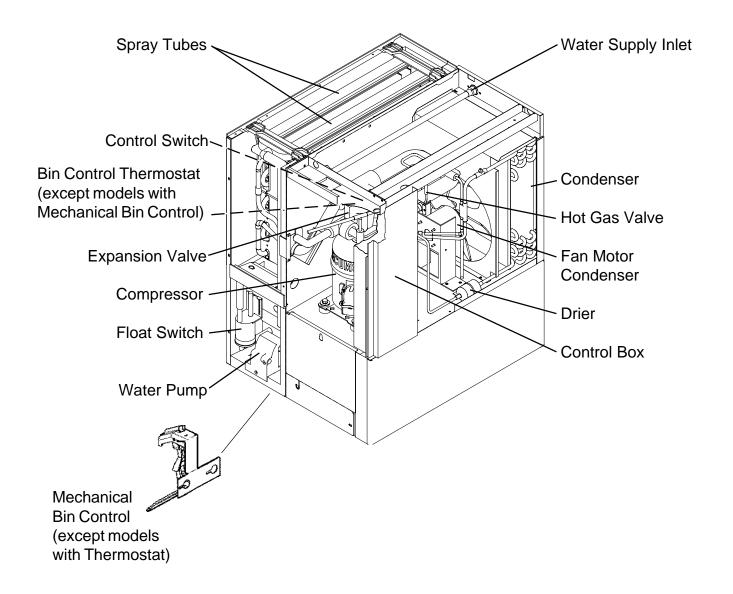
AMBIENT CONDITION Min. -20°F - Max. +122°F

(-29°C to +50°C) Outdoor use

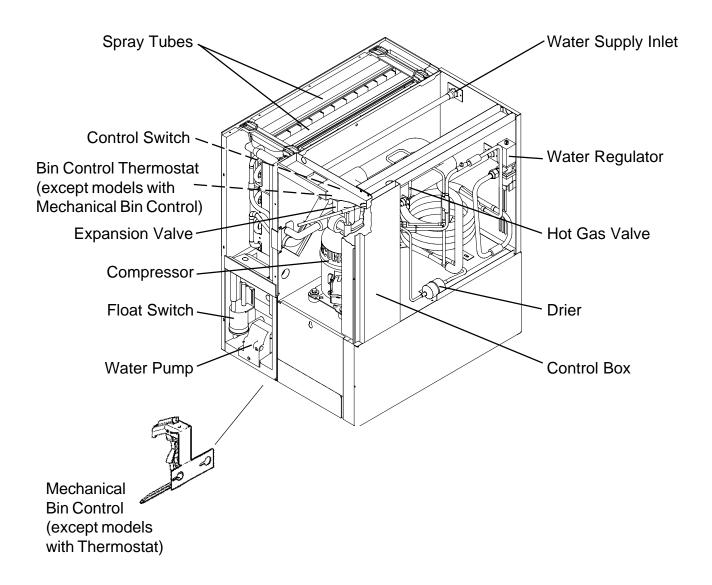
# **II. GENERAL INFORMATION**

### 1. CONSTRUCTION

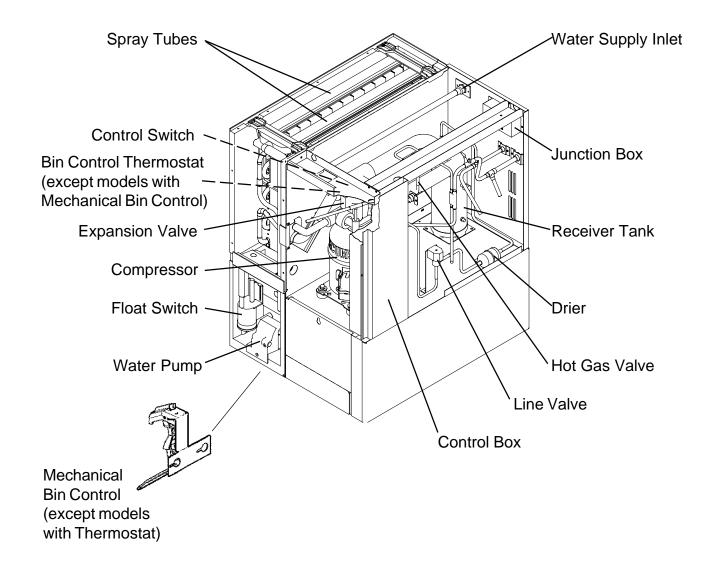
# [a] KM-500MAH



# [b] KM-500MWH



### [c] KM-500MRH



#### 2. CONTROLLER BOARD

#### [a] SOLID-STATE CONTROL

- 1) A HOSHIZAKI exclusive solid-state control is employed in Modular Crescent Cubers.
- 2) A Printed Circuit Board (hereafter called "Controller Board") includes a stable and high quality control system.
- 3) All models are pretested and factory-adjusted.

#### [b] CONTROLLER BOARD

#### — CAUTION -

- 1. Fragile, handle very carefully.
- 2. A controller board contains integrated circuits, which are susceptible to failure due to static discharge. It is especially important to touch the metal part of the unit when handling or replacing the board.
- 3. Do not touch the electronic devices on the board or the back of the board to prevent damage to the board.
- 4. Do not change wiring and connections. Do not misconnect K3, K4 and K5, because the same connector is used for the Thermistor (white), Float Switch (black), and Mechanical Bin Control (red).

(For machines with thermostat, there is no connection on K4.)

- 5. Always replace the whole board assembly when it goes bad.
- 6. Do not short out power supply to test for voltage.

PART NUMBER TYPE

2A1410-01 HOS-001A (Control Products)

#### Features of Control Products "E" Controller Board

1) Maximum Water Supply Period - 6 minutes

Water Solenoid Valve opening, in the Defrost (Harvest) Cycle, is limited by the defrost timer. The Water Valve cannot remain open longer than the maximum period. The Water Valve can close in less than six minutes if the defrost cycle is completed.

#### 2) Defrost Timer

The defrost cycle starts when the Float Switch opens and completes the freeze cycle. But the Defrost Timer does not start counting until the Thermistor senses 48°F at the Evaporator outlet. The period from the end of the freeze cycle up to the point of the Thermistor's sensing varies depending on the ambient and water temperatures.

#### 3) High Temperature Safety - 127 ± 7°F

The temperature of the suction line in the refrigerant circuit is limited by the High Temperature Safety.

During the defrost cycle the Evaporator temperature rises. The Thermistor senses  $48^{\circ}F$  and starts the Defrost Timer. After the Defrost Timer counts down to zero, the normal freeze cycle begins. If the Evaporator temperature continues to rise, the Thermistor will sense the rise in temperature and at  $127 \pm 7^{\circ}F$  the Thermistor operates the High Temperature Safety.

This High Temperature Safety shuts down the circuit and the icemaker automatically stops.

This High Temperature Safety protects the unit from excessive temperature. The Control Board will Beep every 3 seconds. The white Reset Button on the Control Board must be pressed with power on to reset the Safety.

#### 4) Low Water Safety

If the Pump Motor is operated without water, the mechanical seal can fail. To prevent this type of failure, the Controller Board checks the position of the Float Switch at the end of the initial one minute water fill cycle and at the end of each defrost cycle.

If the Float Switch is in the up position (electrical circuit closed), the Controller Board changes to the ice making cycle. If the Float Switch is in the down position (electrical circuit open), the Controller Board changes to a one minute water fill cycle before starting the ice making cycle. This method allows for a Low Water Safety shut down to protect the Water Pump from mechanical seal failure.

For water-cooled model, if the water is shut off, the unit is protected by the High Pressure Switch.

#### 5) High Voltage Cutout

The maximum allowable supply voltage of this icemaker is limited by the High Voltage Cutout. If miswiring (especially on single phase 3 wire models) causes excessive voltage on the Controller Board, the High Voltage Cutout shuts down the circuit in 3 seconds and the icemaker automatically stops. When the proper supply voltage is resumed, the icemaker automatically starts running again. The Control Board will signal this problem using 7 Beeps every 3 seconds.

#### 6) LED Lights and Audible Alarm Safeties

The red LED indicates proper control voltage and will remain on unless a control voltage problem occurs. At startup a 5 second delay occurs while the board conducts an internal timer check. A short beep occurs when the power switch is turned ON or OFF.

The green LED's 1-4 represent the corresponding relays and energize and sequence 5 seconds from initial start-up as follows:

Sequence Step	LED's on Length:	Min.	Max.	Avg.
1 Minute Fill Cycle	LED4			60 sec.
Harvest Cycle	LED1, 4, & 2	2 min.	20 min.	3-5 min.
Freeze Cycle	LED1	5 min.	60 min.	30-35 min.
Reverse Pump Out	LED1, 3, & 2	10 sec.	20 sec.	Factory set.

{LED 1 - Comp; LED 2 - HGV/CFM; LED 3 - PM; LED 4 - WV}

The built in safeties shut down the unit and have alarms as follows:

**1 beep** every 3 sec. = **High Evaporator Temperature** >127 ° F. **Check** for defrost problem (stuck HGV or relay), hot water entering unit, stuck headmaster, or shorted thermistor.

2 beeps every 3 sec. = **Defrost Back Up Timer**. Defrost >20 minutes.

Orange LED marked 20 MIN energizes.

**Check** for open thermistor, HGV not opening, TXV leaking by, low charge, or inefficient compressor.

**3 beeps** every 3 sec. = **Freeze Back Up Timer**. Freeze > 60 minutes.

Yellow LED marked 60 MIN energizes.

**Check** for F/S stuck closed (up), WV leaking by, HGV leaking by, TXV not feeding properly, low charge, or inefficient compressor.

Machines with
mechanical
bin control
ONLY

**4 beeps** every 3 sec. = **Short Circuit** between the K4 connection on the control board and the bin control relay. Check connections and replace wire harness if necessary.

**5 beeps** every 3 sec. = **Open Circuit** between the K4 connection on the control board and the bin control relay. Check connections and replace wire harness if necessary.

To manually reset the above safeties, depress white alarm reset button with the power supply ON.

**6 beeps** every 3 sec. = **Low Voltage**. Voltage is 92 Vac or less.

**7 beeps** every 3 sec. = **High Voltage**. Control voltage > 147 Vac ±5%.

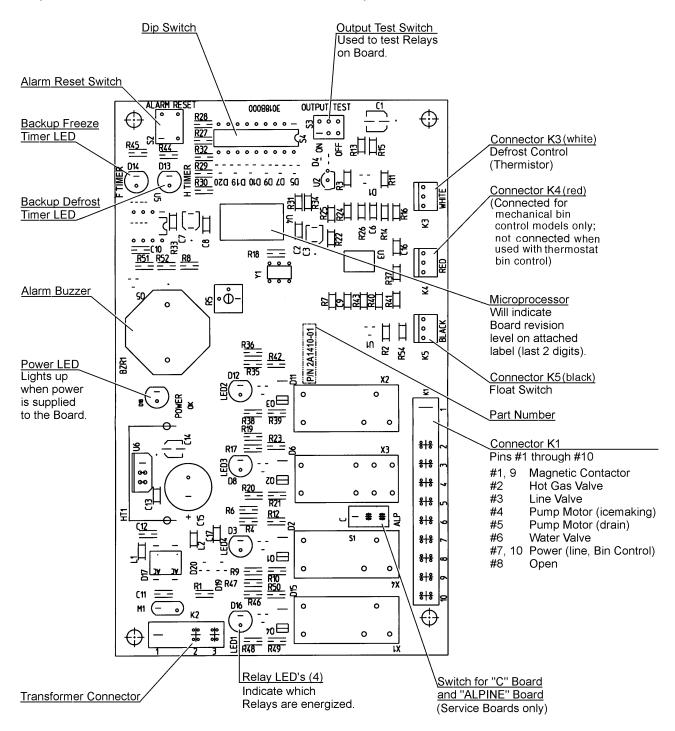
The red LED will de-energize if voltage protection operates.

The voltage safety automatically resets when voltage is corrected.

The **Output Test** switch "S3" provides a relay sequence test. With power OFF, place S3 ON and switch power to ICE. The correct lighting sequence should be none, 2, 3, 4, 1, & 4, normal sequence every 5 seconds. S3 should remain in the "OFF" position for normal operation.

The application switch located between relay X3 & X4 must be set to match the original board application. Place this switch in the ALP position if there is no white wire supplied to the K1 connector. If there is a white wire, place the switch in the C position. If this switch is placed in the wrong position, either the compressor contactor will remain energized with the control switch OFF, or the unit will not start.

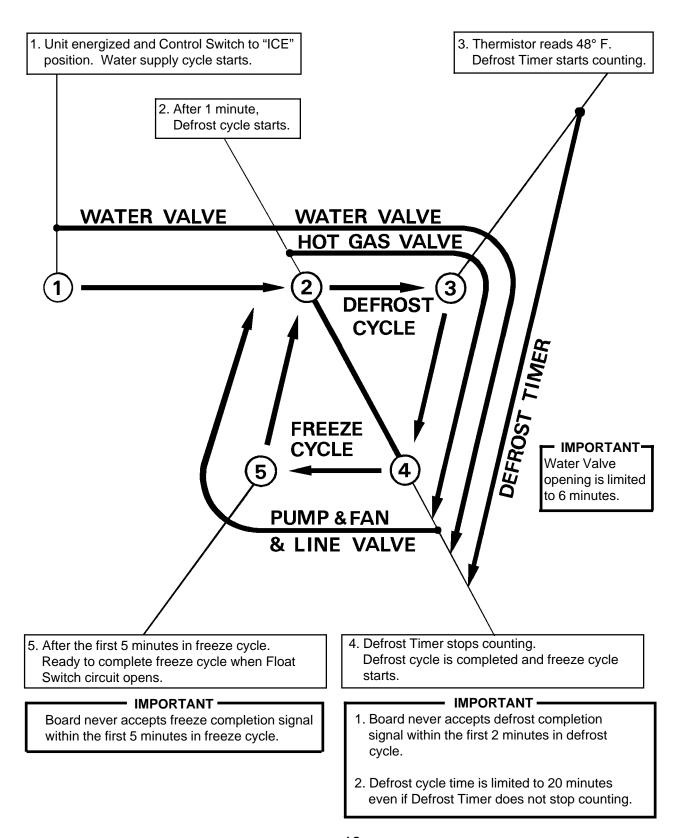
The dip switches should be adjusted per the adjustment chart published in the Tech Specs book. Number 8 must remain in the OFF position.



(Control Products HOS-001A Board)

### [c] SEQUENCE

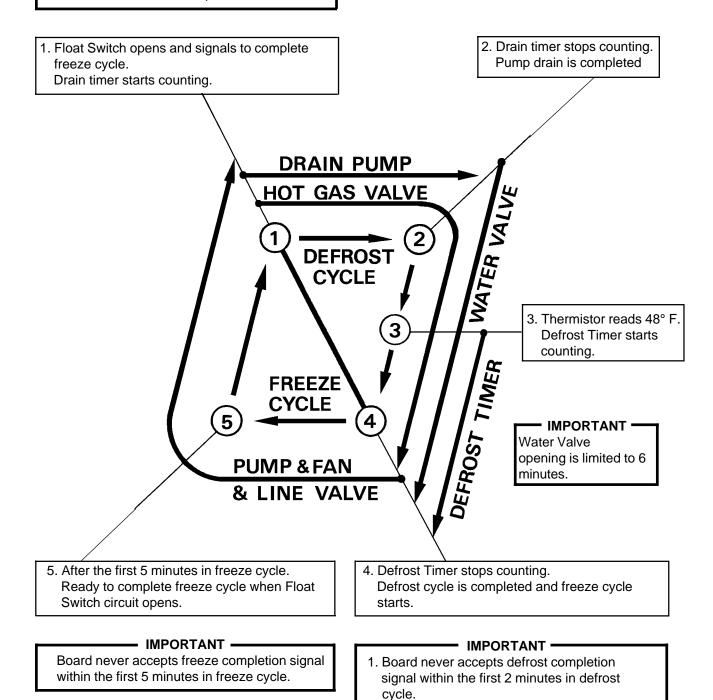
# 1st Cycle



#### 2nd Cycle and after with pump drain

#### IMPORTANT -

Freeze cycle time is limited to 60 minutes even if Float Switch does not open.

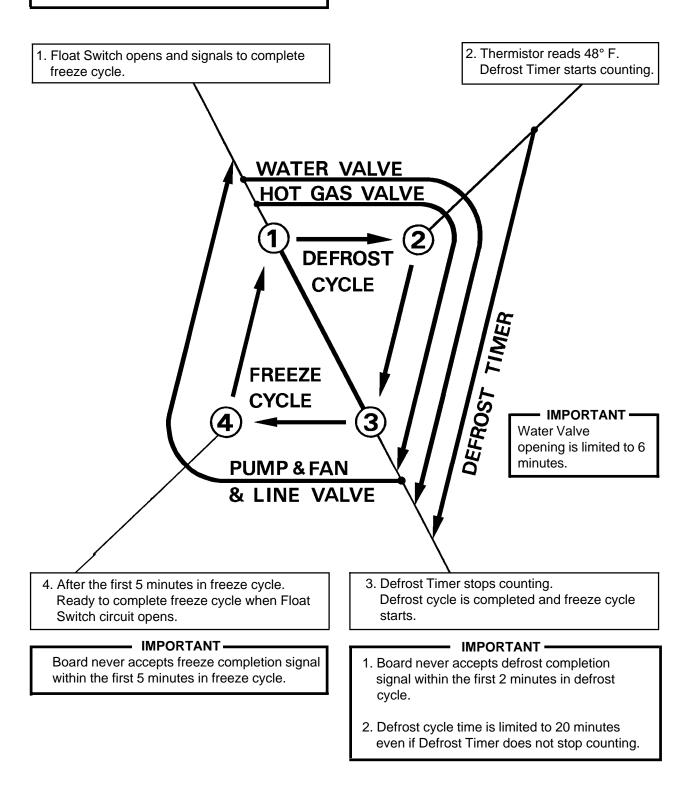


2. Defrost cycle time is limited to 20 minutes even if Defrost Timer does not stop counting.

#### 2nd Cycle and after with no pump drain

#### - IMPORTANT —

Freeze cycle time is limited to 60 minutes even if Float Switch does not open.



#### [d] CONTROLS AND ADJUSTMENTS

The Dip Switch is factory-adjusted to the following positions:

#### FOR MODELS WITH MECHANICAL BIN CONTROL:

DIP SWITCH NO.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
KML-500MAH	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	ON	OFF
KML-500MWH	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
KML-500MRH	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF

#### FOR MODELS WITH THERMOSTAT:

DIP SWITCH NO.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
KML-500MAH	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
KML-500MWH	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
KML-500MRH	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF

#### Switch Nos. 1 and 2:

Used for adjustment of the Defrost Timer.

The Defrost Timer starts counting when the Thermistor reads a certain temperature at the Evaporator outlet.

#### Switch Nos. 3 and 4:

Used for adjustment of the Drain Timer.

When a freeze cycle is completed, the Pump Motor stops, and the icemaker resumes operation in 2 seconds. Then the Pump Motor drains the Water Tank for the time determined by the Drain Timer. The Drain Timer also determines the time to restrain completion of a defrost cycle, i.e. the minimum defrost time.

#### Switch Nos. 5 and 6:

Used for adjustment of the Drain Counter.

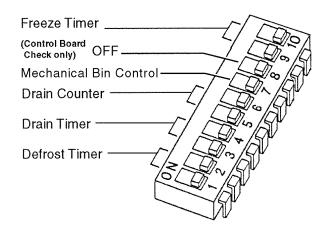
The Pump Motor drains the Water Tank at the frequency determined by the Drain Counter.

#### Switch No. 7:

Used only on models with mechanical bin control. Dip Switch should be set "ON". (Models with bin thermostat, Switch No. 7 should be set in the "OFF" position.)

#### Switch No. 8:

Used only for checking the Controller Board. Usually set in OFF position.



Switch Nos. 9 and 10:

Used for adjustment of Freeze Timer. The Freeze Timer determines maximum freeze cycle time. Upon termination of Freeze Timer, machine initiates the harvest cycle. After 2 consecutive timer terminations, machine will shut down, possibly indicating a problem.

#### 1) Defrost Control

A thermistor (Semiconductor) is used for a defrost control sensor. The resistance varies depending on the Suction Line temperatures. The Thermistor detects the temperature of the Evaporator outlet to start the Defrost Timer. No adjustment is required. If necessary, check for resistance between Thermistor leads, and visually check the Thermistor mounting, located on the Suction Line next to the Evaporator outlet.

Temperature (°F)	Resistance ( $k\Omega$ )
0	14.401
10	10.613
32	6.000
50	3.871
70	2.474
90	1,633

Check a thermistor for resistance by using the following procedures.

- (i) Disconnect the connector K3 on the board.
- (ii) Remove the Thermistor. See "V. 11. REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT OF THERMISTOR."
- (iii) Immerse the Thermistor sensor portion in a glass containing ice and water for 2 or 3 minutes.
- (iv) Check for a resistance between Thermistor leads. Normal reading is within 3.5 to 7 k $\Omega$ . Replace the Thermistor if it exceeds the normal reading.

#### 2) Defrost Timer

No adjustment is required under normal use, as the Defrost Timer is adjusted to the suitable position. However, if necessary when all the ice formed on the Evaporator does not fall into the bin in the harvest cycle, adjust the Defrost Timer to longer setting by adjusting the Dip Switch (No. 1 & 2) on the Controller Board.

SET	TING	TIME
Dip Switch	Dip Switch	
No. 1	No. 2	
OFF	OFF	60 seconds
ON	OFF	90 seconds
OFF	ON	120 seconds
ON	ON	180 seconds

#### 3) Drain Timer

The Drain Timer is factory-adjusted, and no adjustment is required.

SETTING		TIME		
Dip Switch No. 3	Dip Switch No. 4	T1	T2	
OFF	OFF	10 seconds	150 seconds	
ON	OFF	10 seconds	180 seconds	
OFF	ON	10 seconds	120 seconds	
ON	ON	20 seconds	180 seconds	

T1: Time to drain the Water Tank

T2: Time to restrain defrost completion

#### 4) Drain Counter

# - CAUTION -

Do not adjust the Drain Counter, or the Evaporator may freeze up.

The Drain Counter is factory-adjusted to drain the Water Tank every 10 cycles, and no adjustment is required. However, where water quality is bad and the icemaker needs a pump drain more often, the Drain Counter can be adjusted as shown in the table below:

SET	TING	FREQUENCY
Dip Switch	Dip Switch	
No. 5	No. 6	
OFF	OFF	every cycle
ON	OFF	every 2 cycles
OFF	ON	every 5 cycles
ON	ON	every 10 cycles

#### 5) Freeze Timer

#### - CAUTION -

Adjust to proper specification, or the unit may not operate correctly.

Two new dip switches numbered 9 and 10 have been added to the improved "E" board to better prevent possible freeze ups. These settings come factory set to the default setting of 60 min. (OFF, OFF). Check the adjustment chart published in the Tech Specs for proper settings. If the old board does not have these two dip switches, (only 8 instead of 10), leave setting as OFF, OFF.

TIME	ΓING	SETTING		
	Dip Switch	Dip Switch		
	No. 10	No. 9		
00 min	OFF	OFF		
60 min.	OFF	OFF		
70 min.	OFF	ON		
50 min.	ON	OFF		
60 min.	ON	ON		

#### 6) Bin Control

#### MODELS WITH THERMOSTAT

#### -CAUTION —

When the ambient temperature is below 45°F, the Bin Control Thermostat operates to stop the icemaker even if the Ice Storage Bin is empty. When the Thermostat is set in the prohibited range, the icemaker operates continuously even if the Ice Storage Bin is filled with ice. Setting in the prohibited range might cause severe damage to the icemaker resulting in failure.

No adjustment is required under normal use, as the Bin Control is factory-adjusted. Adjust it, if necessary, so that the icemaker stops automatically within 10 seconds after ice contacts the Bin Control Thermostat Bulb.

#### MODELS WITH MECHANICAL BIN CONTROL

#### — CAUTION -

Dip Switch No. 7 must be set to the ON position. If No. 7 is set to the OFF position, the machine will run continuously, causing a freeze-up condition.

No adjustment is required. The Bin Control is factory-adjusted.

#### [e] CHECKING THE CONTROLLER BOARD

- 1) Visually check the sequence with the icemaker operating.
- 2) Visually check the Controller Board by using the following procedures.
- (i) Adjust the Defrost Timer to minimum position.
  - Disconnect the Thermistor from the Controller Board.
  - Connect a 1.5 k $\Omega$  3.5 k $\Omega$  resistor to the Connector K3 (pins #1 and #2), and energize the unit
  - After the 1 minute  $\pm$  5 second water supply cycle and the 2 minute  $\pm$  10 second defrost cycle, the unit should start the freeze cycle.
- (ii) After the above step (i), disconnect the Float Switch leads from the Controller Board within the first 5 minutes of the freeze cycle.
  - The unit should go into the defrost cycle after the first 5 minutes  $\pm$  20 seconds of the freeze cycle.
- (iii) Reconnect the Float Switch Connector to the Controller Board. After the first 5 minutes of the freeze cycle, disconnect the Float Switch leads from the Controller Board.
  - At this point, the unit should start the defrost cycle.
- (iv) After Step (iii), de-energize the unit and confirm that the Defrost Timer is in the minimum position. Disconnect the resistor from the Controller Board, and energize the unit.
  - After the 1 minute water supply cycle, the defrost cycle starts.
  - Reconnect a 1.5 k $\Omega$  3.5 k $\Omega$  resistor to the Connector K3 (pins #1 and #2) after the first 2 minutes of the defrost cycle.

The unit should start the freeze cycle after 1 minute ± 5 seconds from the resistor connection.

3) Check the Controller Board by using test program of the Controller Board.

The Output Test Switch "S3" provides a relay sequence test. With power OFF, place S3 on and switch power to ICE. The correct lighting sequence should be none, 2, 3, 4, 1, and 4, normal sequence every 5 seconds. S3 should remain in the "OFF" position for normal operation.

# 3. MECHANICAL BIN CONTROL (THESE INSTRUCTIONS NOT APPLICABLE TO MODELS WITH THERMOSTAT)

#### [a] PROXIMITY SWITCH

1) This machine uses a lever-actuated proximity switch (hereafter called "mechanical bin control") to control the ice level in the storage bin.

#### [b] EXPLANATION OF OPERATION

- The startup and shutdown of the ice machine is controlled via the controller board. Dip Switch number 7 must be in the ON position for the controller board to receive input from the bin control.
  - (i) The controller board receives a resistance value input via the red K4 connector from the bin control. A resistor wire harness is connected from the bin control to the controller board.
  - (ii) When the bin control is activated in the bin full position (pushed to the right), a 15.8 K $\Omega$  signal will be sent to the control board to shut down the unit.
  - (iii) When the bin control is in the normal position (bin is not full), a 7.9 K $\Omega$  reading is sent to the control board to continue operation.
- 2) During operation, the controller board will only shut down the machine if a 15.8 K $\Omega$  signal is received from the bin control during the first 5 minutes of the freeze cycle.
  - (i) If ice pushes the lever to the right after the first five minutes of the freeze cycle, the controller board will allow the machine to complete the freeze cycle and the following harvest cycle before shutting down the machine. This will prevent incomplete batches of ice from forming on the evaporator.

#### [c] TROUBLESHOOTING (MECHANICAL BIN CONTROL ONLY)

#### 1) Machine will not start

- (i) Move dip switch No. 7 to the "OFF" position. If the machine starts up within a few seconds, the bin control is the likely problem. If the machine does not start up, refer to Section "IV. Service Diagnosis" to verify that non-bin control related issues are resolved.
- (ii) Check to make sure shipping tape has been removed and the wires are connected properly.
- (iii) Check to make sure no obstruction prevents the lever from moving to the bin empty position.

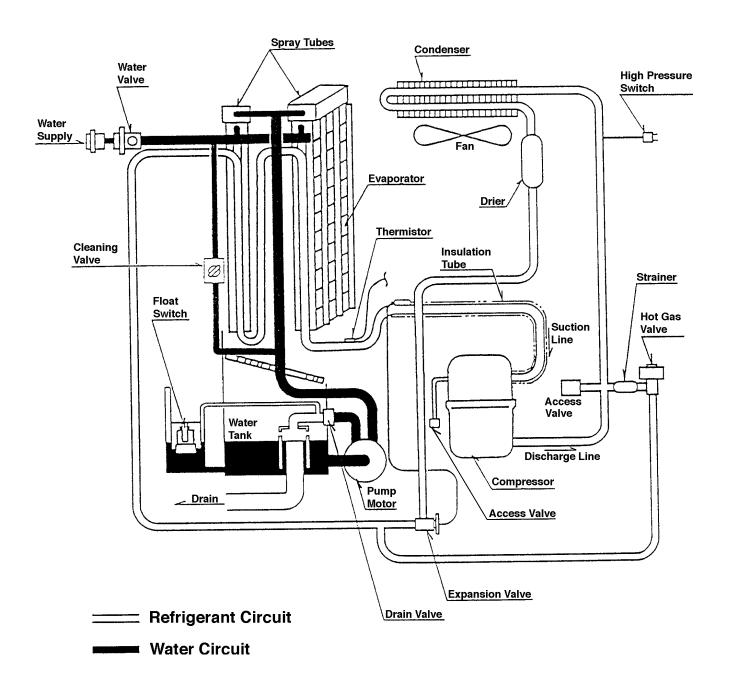
#### 2) Machine will not shut off

- (i) Refer to Section "IV. Service Diagnosis" to verify that non-bin control related issues are resolved.
- (ii) Dip switch No. 7 should be in the on position. If the switch is in the off position, the controller board will not receive input from the bin control.
- (iii) Move the lever to the far right.
  - a. If the machine does not shut off, check the resistance values of the resistor wire harness. You should read approximately 15.8 K $\Omega$  between the black terminal and the red terminal that connect to the K4 connector on the controller board, when the lever is in the bin full position (far right). If this reads approximately 7.9 K $\Omega$ , the resistors may be miswired. Switch the black and white wires in the terminal housing or order a replacement wire harness.
  - b. Check the stainless steel bracket that the bin control is mounted to.
  - c. If the preceding items do not resolve the problem, replace the Bin Control Assembly.

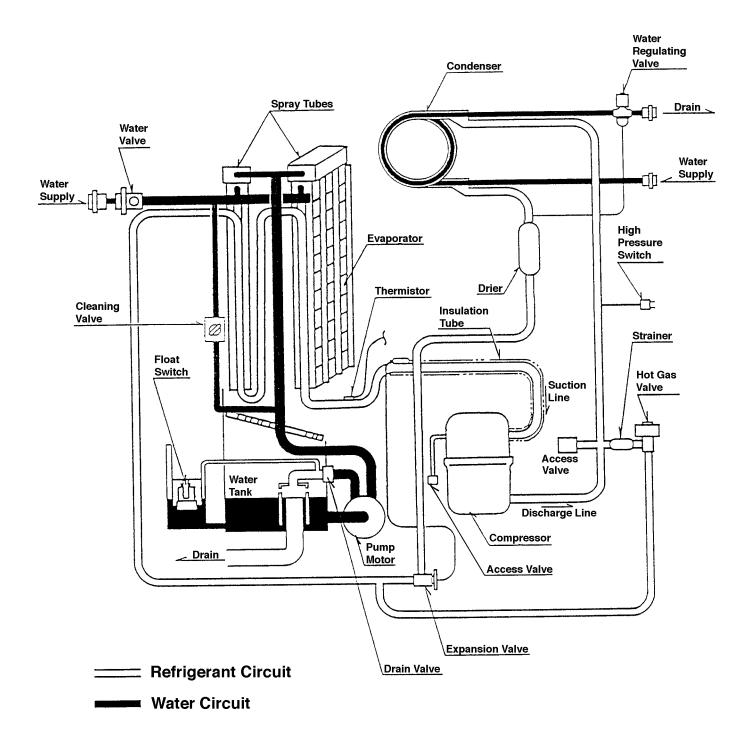
# III. TECHNICAL INFORMATION

#### 1. WATER CIRCUIT AND REFRIGERANT CIRCUIT

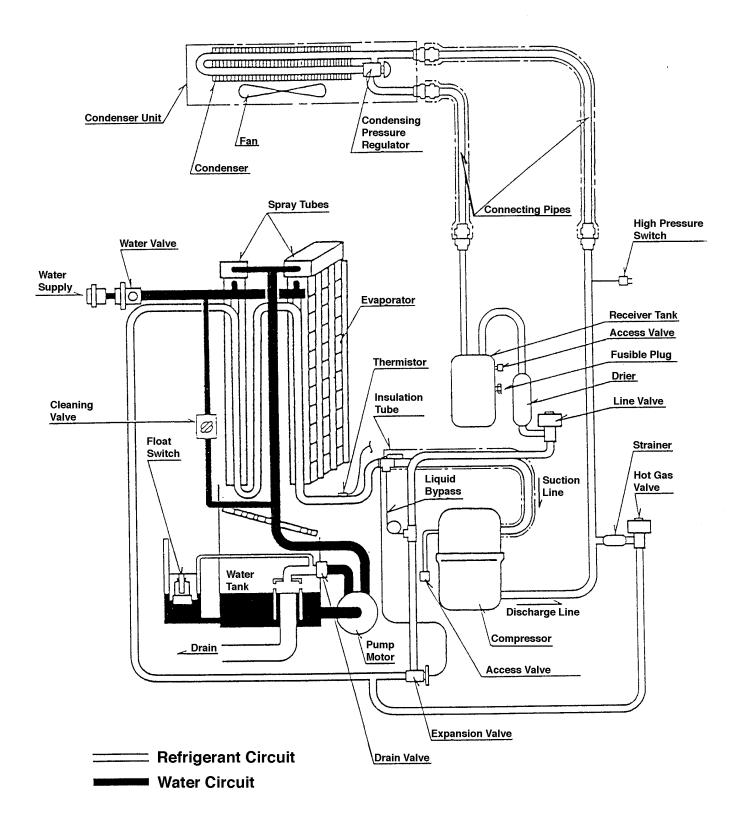
# [a] KM-500MAH



# [b] KM-500MWH

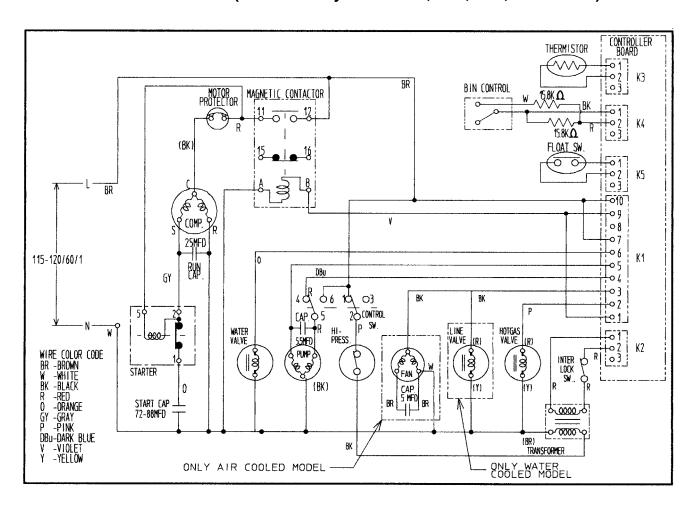


# [c] KM-500MRH



# 2. WIRING DIAGRAMS

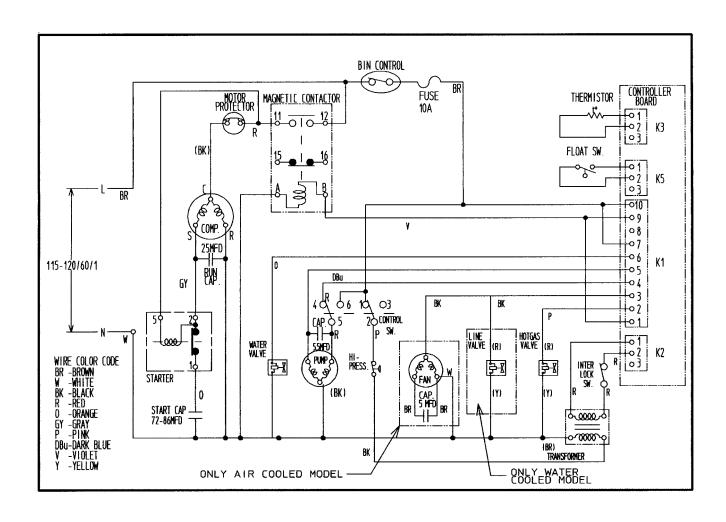
[a] KM-500MAH (with auxiliary codes L-0, M-0, and M-1) and KM-500MWH (with auxiliary codes L-0, M-0, M-1, M-2 & M-3)



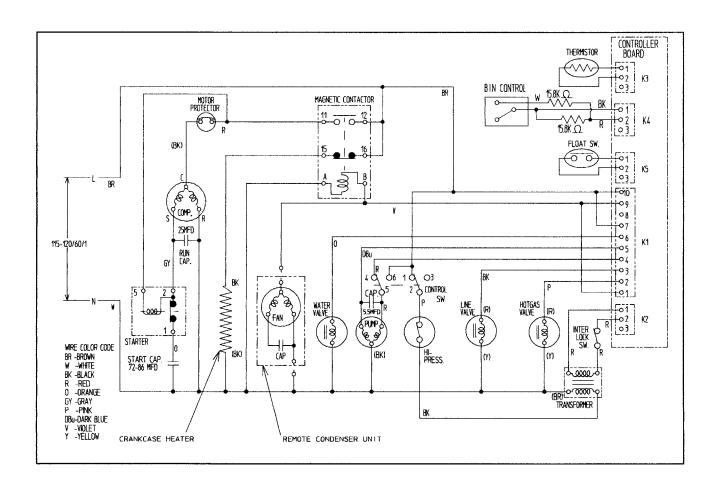
Note: Pressure Switch

MAH		MWH				
	Cut-out	$412 \pm \frac{21}{0}$	PSIG	Cut-out	$384 \pm \frac{21}{0}$	PSIG
	Cut-in	327 ± 21	PSIG	Cut-in	284 ± 21	PSIG

# KM-500MAH (with auxiliary codes M-2 and after) and KM-500MWH (with auxiliary codes M-4 and after)



# [b] KM-500MRH (with auxiliary codes L-0, M-0, M-1)

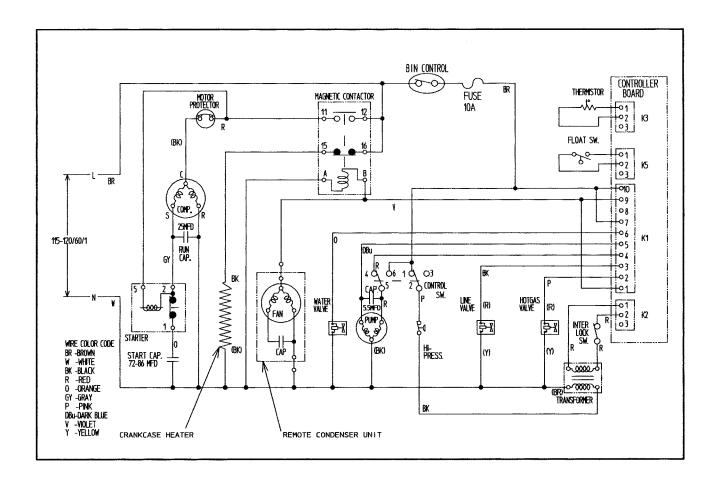


Note: Pressure Switch

Cut-out  $412 \pm \frac{21}{0}$  PSIG

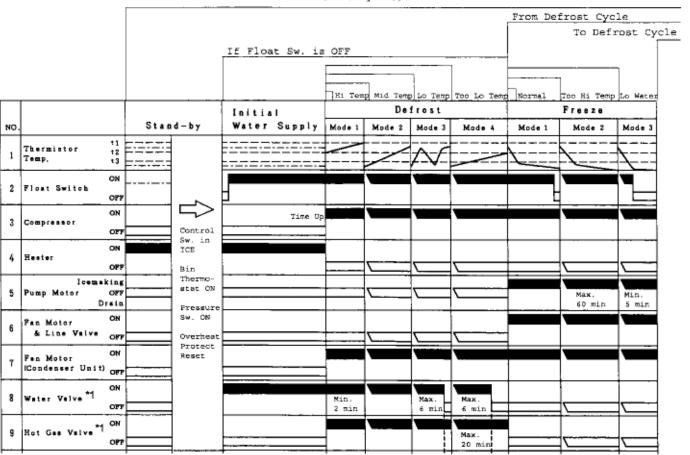
Cut-in  $327 \pm 21$  PSIG

# [b] KM-500MRH (with auxiliary codes M-2 and after)



#### 3. TIMING CHART

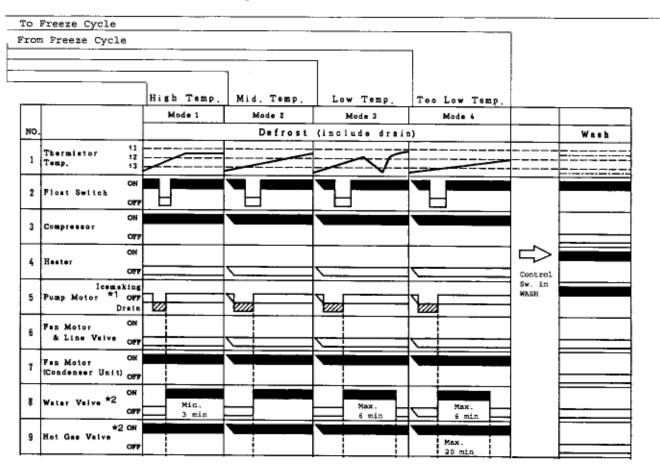
When Control Sw. is turned OFF, Pressure Sw. is OFF, Thermistor Temp. exceeds tl, or Bin Control is in full position (during first 5 minutes of freeze cycle for mechanical bin control only \*3).



#### \*NOTE:

- \*1 The icemaker does not complete a defrost cycle in the first 2 or 3 minutes. See "II. 2. [d] CONTROLS AND ADJUSTMENTS."
- \*3 (Mechanical bin control only) The bin control will only shut off the ice machine during the first five minutes of the freeze cyle.

To Stand-by Cycle (When Control Sw. is turned OFF, Pressure Sw. is OFF, Thermistor Temp. exceeds t1, or Bin Control is in full position)



- \*1 The Pump Motor waits for 2 seconds before starting a drain cycle. See "II. 2. [d] CONTROLS AND ADJUSTMENTS."
- \*2 The icemaker does not complete a defrost cycle in the first 2 or 3 minutes. See "II. 2. [d] CONTROLS AND ADJUSTMENTS."
- \*3 (Mechanical bin control only) The bin control will only shut off the ice machine during the first five minutes of the freeze cyle.

## 4. PERFORMANCE DATA

# [a] KM-500MAH

APPROXIMATE ICE	AMBIENT TEMP.		V	WATER TE	MP. (°F/°C	-/°C)			
PRODUCTION PER 24 HR.	(°F/°C)	50	50/10		/21	90,	/32		
	70/21	499	<u>226</u>	468	<u>212</u>	428	<u>194</u>		
	80/27	475	<u>216</u>	427	<u>194</u>	389	<u>176</u>		
	90/32	468	<u>212</u>	393	<u>178</u>	353	<u>160</u>		
lbs./day <u>kg./day</u>	100/38	461	<u>209</u>	384	<u>174</u>	317	<u>144</u>		
APPROXIMATE ELECTRIC	70/21	11	64	11	78	12	:04		
CONSUMPTION	80/27	11	75	11	97	12	27		
	90/32	11	78	12	12	12	41		
watts	100/38	11	86	12	219	12	.68		
APPROXIMATE WATER	70/21	250	0.95	210	0.79	187	<u>0.71</u>		
CONSUMPTION PER 24 HR.	80/27	219	0.83	157	0.59	153	<u>0.58</u>		
	90/32	210	0.79	113	0.43	100	0.38		
gal./day <u>m³/day</u>	100/38	163	0.62	110	0.42	89	<u>0.34</u>		
FREEZING CYCLE TIME	70/21	27		29		33			
	80/27	2	28	3	31	3	7		
	90/32	2	29	3	3	3	8		
min.	100/38	3	30	3	35	4	3		
HARVEST CYCLE TIME	70/21	3	.9	3	.3	3	.1		
	80/27	3	.5	2	.6	2	.5		
	90/32	3	.3	2	.0	2.0			
min.	100/38	3	.3	2	.0	2.0			
HEAD PRESSURE	70/21	244	<u>17.2</u>	263	<u>18.5</u>	285	<u>20.1</u>		
	80/27	259	<u>18.2</u>	289	20.3	308	<u>21.7</u>		
	90/32	263	<u>18.5</u>	310	<u>21.8</u>	331	<u>23.3</u>		
PSIG kg/cm <sup>2</sup> G	100/38	266	<u>18.7</u>	315	<u>22.1</u>	350	<u>24.6</u>		
SUCTION PRESSURE	70/21	49	3.4	52	<u>3.7</u>	54	<u>3.8</u>		
	80/27	51	<u>3.6</u>	56	<u>3.9</u>	57	<u>4.0</u>		
	90/32	52	<u>3.7</u>	59	<u>4.1</u>	61	<u>4.3</u>		
PSIG kg/cm <sup>2</sup> G	100/38	52	<u>3.6</u>	59	<u>4.2</u>	62	<u>4.4</u>		

TOTAL HEAT OF REJECTION FROM CONDENSER

8206 BTU/h [AT 90°F (32°C) / WT 70°F (21°C)]

Note: Pressure data is recorded at 5 minutes into freeze cycle. The data not in bold should be used for reference only.

We reserve the right to make changes in specifications and design without prior notice.

# [b] KM-500MWH

# Serial #L00001D - M20960C

APPROXIMATE ICE	AMBIENT TEMP.		V	WATER TE	MP. (°F/°C	ИР. (°F/°C)			
PRODUCTION PER 24 HR.	(°F/°C)	50	/10	70	/21	90	/32		
	70/21	463	210	448	203	423	192		
	80/27	451	<u>205</u>	428	<u>194</u>	401	<u>182</u>		
	90/32	448	203	411	186	385	175		
lbs./day <u>kg./day</u>	100/38	442	200	405	184	361	164		
APPROXIMATE ELECTRIC	70/21	11	00	11	09	11	17		
CONSUMPTION	80/27	11	07	11	20	11	26		
	90/32	11	09	11	30	11	37		
watts	100/38	11	20	11	32	11	43		
APPROXIMATE WATER	70/21	625	2.37	693	2.62	902	3.42		
CONSUMPTION PER 24 HR.	80/27	677	<u>2.56</u>	783	<u>2.96</u>	1057	<u>4.00</u>		
	90/32	693	2.62	858	3.25	1109	<u>4.20</u>		
gal./day <u>m³/day</u>	100/38	774	<u>2.93</u>	917	3.47	1339	<u>5.07</u>		
FREEZING CYCLE TIME	70/21	2	29	3	30	3	2		
	80/27	3	30	3	32	3	4		
	90/32	3	30	3	3	3	5		
min.	100/38	3	31	3	33	3	7		
HARVEST CYCLE TIME	70/21	3	.9	3	.5 3.2		.2		
	80/27	3	.6	2	.9	2	.8		
	90/32	3	.5	2	.5	2	.3		
min.	100/38	3	.5	2	.4	2	.1		
HEAD PRESSURE	70/21	280	<u>19.7</u>	281	<u>19.7</u>	287	20.2		
	80/27	280	<u>19.7</u>	281	<u> 19.8</u>	291	20.5		
	90/32	281	<u>19.7</u>	282	<u> 19.8</u>	293	20.6		
PSIG <u>kg/cm<sup>2</sup>G</u>	100/38	284	<u>20.0</u>	284	<u>20.0</u>	298	<u>21.0</u>		
SUCTION PRESSURE	70/21	53	3.7	54	3.8	55	3.9		
	80/27	54	<u>3.8</u>	56	<u>3.9</u>	57	<u>4.0</u> <u>4.1</u>		
	90/32	54	<u>3.8</u>	57	<u>4.0</u>	58			
PSIG kg/cm <sup>2</sup> G	100/38	54	<u>3.8</u>	57	<u>4.0</u>	59	<u>4.1</u>		

TOTAL HEAT OF REJECTION FROM CONDENSER	6976 BTU/h [AT 90°F (32°C) / WT 70°F (21°C)
TOTAL HEAT OF REJECTION FROM COMPRESSOR	1543 BTU/h [AT 90°F (32°C) / WT 70°F (21°C)
WATER FLOW FOR CONDENSER	51 gal. / h (AT 100°F (38°C) / WT 90°F (32°C)
PRESSURE DROP OF COOLING WATER LINE	less than 10 PSIG

Note: Pressure data is recorded at 5 minutes into freeze cycle. The data not in bold should be used for reference only.

We reserve the right to make changes in specifications and design without prior notice.

# [c] KM-500MWH

# Serial #M30961D -

APPROXIMATE ICE	AMBIENT TEMP.		V	WATER TE	ATER TEMP. (°F/°C)			
PRODUCTION PER 24 HR.	(°F/°C)	50	/10	70.	/21	90	/32	
	70/21	*480	218	471	213	439	199	
	80/27	473	<u>214</u>	458	<u>208</u>	417	<u>189</u>	
	90/32	471	<u>213</u>	*448	<u>203</u>	410	<u>186</u>	
lbs./day kg./day	100/38	458	208	439	<u>199</u>	*375	<u>170</u>	
APPROXIMATE ELECTRIC	70/21	*11	140	11	45	11	58	
CONSUMPTION	80/27	11	44	11	52	11	69	
	90/32	11	45	*11	157	11	73	
watts	100/38	11	50	11	61	*11	88	
APPROXIMATE WATER	70/21	*661	2.50	711	2.69	904	3.42	
CONSUMPTION PER 24 HR.	80/27	700	2.65	839	<u>3.17</u>	1038	3.93	
	90/32	711	2.69	*832	<u>3.15</u>	1068	<u>4.04</u>	
gal./day <u>m³/day</u>	100/38	792	<u>3.00</u>	887	<u>3.36</u>	*1285	<u>4.86</u>	
FREEZING CYCLE TIME	70/21	**	27	2	8	3	0	
	80/27	2	27	2	8	3	1	
	90/32	2	28	*2	29	3	2	
min.	100/38	2	28	3	0	*3	34	
HARVEST CYCLE TIME	70/21	*3	3.9	3	3.3 3.2		.2	
	80/27	3	.5	2.6		2.8		
	90/32	3	.3	*2	0	2	.0	
min.	100/38	2	.8	2	.0	*2	.0	
HEAD PRESSURE	70/21	*280	<u>19.7</u>	281	<u>19.8</u>	288	20.3	
	80/27	281	<u>19.8</u>	283	<u>19.9</u>	293	20.6	
	90/32	281	<u>19.8</u>	*285	20.0	293	<u>20.6</u>	
PSIG kg/cm <sup>2</sup> G	100/38	286	<u>20.1</u>	285	20.0	301	<u>21.2</u>	
SUCTION PRESSURE	70/21	*50	3.5	52	3.6	54	3.8	
	80/27	51	<u>3.6</u>	54	3.8	56	<u>3.9</u>	
	90/32	52	<u>3.6</u>	*56	<u>3.9</u>	58	<u>4.1</u>	
PSIG <u>kg/cm<sup>2</sup>G</u>	100/38	52	<u>3.7</u>	56	<u>4.0</u>	*60	<u>4.2</u>	

TOTAL HEAT OF REJECTION FROM CONDENSER	6173 BTU/h [AT 90°F (32°C) / WT 70°F (21°C)]
TOTAL HEAT OF REJECTION FROM COMPRESSOR	1363 BTU/h [AT 90°F (32°C) / WT 70°F (21°C)]
WATER FLOW FOR CONDENSER	49 gal. / h (AT 100°F (38°C) / WT 90°F (32°C))
PRESSURE DROP OF COOLING WATER LINE	less than 10 PSIG

# [d] KM-500MRH

APPROXIMATE ICE	AMBIENT TEMP.	WATER TEMP. (°F/°C)					
PRODUCTION PER 24 HR.	(°F/°C)	50	/10	70	/21	90	/32
	70/21	517	235	493	224	449	204
	80/27	499	226	462	210	411	187
	90/32	493	224	436	198	387	176
lbs./day <u>kg./day</u>	100/38	480	218	425	193	342	155
APPROXIMATE ELECTRIC	70/21	12	206	12	25	12	258
CONSUMPTION	80/27	12	221		251	12	287
	90/32	12	225	12	272	13	807
watts	100/38	12	234	12	280	13	340
APPROXIMATE WATER	70/21	233	0.88	205	0.78	182	0.69
CONSUMPTION PER 24 HR.	80/27	212	0.80	168	0.64	154	0.58
	90/32	205	<u>0.78</u>	137	0.52	119	0.45
gal./day <u>m³/day</u>	100/38	169	<u>0.64</u>	133	<u>0.50</u>	103	<u>0.39</u>
FREEZING CYCLE TIME	70/21		26		27		31
	80/27	2	27	2	29	3	33
	90/32	2	27		31		34
min.	100/38		28	_	32		88
HARVEST CYCLE TIME	70/21	3	.4	3	.0	2	.8
	80/27		5.1		.5		.5
	90/32		5.0		.1		.0
min.	100/38	3	5.0	2	.0	2	.0
HEAD PRESSURE	70/21	230	<u>16.2</u>	245	<u>17.2</u>	265	<u>18.6</u>
	80/27	241	<u>17.0</u>	264	<u>18.6</u>	284	20.0
	90/32	245	<u>17.2</u>	280	<u>19.7</u>	300	<u>21.1</u>
PSIG kg/cm <sup>2</sup> G	100/38	249	<u>17.5</u>	285	<u>20.0</u>	319	<u>22.4</u>
SUCTION PRESSURE	70/21	47	<u>3.3</u>	50	<u>3.5</u>	52	<u>3.7</u>
	80/27	49	<u>3.4</u>	53	<u>3.7</u>	55	<u>3.9</u>
	90/32	50	<u>3.5</u>	56	<u>3.9</u>	58	4.1
PSIG kg/cm <sup>2</sup> G	100/38	50	<u>3.5</u>	56	<u>4.0</u>	60	<u>4.2</u>
TOTAL LIEAT OF DE IECTION	<del></del>						

TOTAL HEAT OF REJECTION FROM CONDENSER	8050 BTU/h [AT 90°F (32°C) / WT 70°F (21°C)]
TOTAL HEAT OF REJECTION FROM COMPRESSOR	1735 BTU/h [AT 90°F (32°C) / WT 70°F (21°C)]
CONDENSER VOLUME	74.5 CU. IN (URC-6F)

Note: Pressure data is recorded at 5 minutes into freeze cycle. The data not in bold should be used for reference only.

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# IV. SERVICE DIAGNOSIS

# 1. NO ICE PRODUCTION

PROBLEM	POSSIB	LE CAUSE	REMEDY
1] The icemaker	a) Power Supply	1. "OFF" position.	1. Move to "ON" position
will not start	l a) i owel Supply	2. Loose connections.	2. Tighten
Will Hot Start		3. Bad contacts.	3. Check for continuity and
		3. Bau contacts.	replace.
		4 Voltage too high	
		4. Voltage too high.	4. Check and get
		4 Discount	recommended voltage.
	b) Fuse (Inside Fused	1. Blown out.	Check for short circuit
	Disconnect, if any)	4 "055"	and replace
	c) Control Switch	1. "OFF" position.	1. Move to "ICE" position.
		2. Bad contacts.	2. Check for continuity and
			replace.
	d) Bin Control Thermostat	Tripped with bin filled     with ice.	1. Remove ice.
		2. Ambient temperature	2. Increase ambient
		too cool.	temperature.
		3. Set too warm.	3. See "II.2.[d]
	For mechanical		CONTROLS AND
	bin control		ADJUSTMENTS, 5) Bin
	see "II. 3. [c]"		Control."
		4. Bulb out of position.	4. Place in position.
		5. Bad contacts or leaks	5. Check for continuity and
		bulb.	replace.
	e) High Pressure	1. Bad contacts.	Check for continuity and
	Control		replace.
	f) Transformer	Thermal fuse blown out or coil winding opened.	1. Replace.
	g) Wiring to	1. Loose connections or	Check for continuity and
	Controller Board	open.	replace.
	h) Thermistor	Leads short-circuit or	1. See "II.2.[d] CONTROLS
		open and High	AND ADJUSTMENTS, 1)
		Temperature Safety	Defrost Control."
		operates.	
	i) Hot Gas Solenoid	1. Continues to open in	Check for power off in
	Valve	freeze cycle and High	freeze cycle and replace.
		Temperature Safety	
		operates.	
	j) Water Supply Line	1. Water supply off and	1. Check and get
	' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	water supply cycle does	recommended pressure.
		not finish.	
		2. Condenser water pressure	2. Check and get
		too low or off and Pressure	recommended pressure.
		Control opens and closes	
		frequently to finally operate	
		High Temperature Safety.	
	k) Water Solenoid	Mesh filter or orifice gets	1. Clean.
		clogged and water supply	
		cycle does not finish.	
		2. Coil winding opened.	2. Replace.
		3. Wiring to Water Valve.	3. Check for loose connection
			or open, and replace.

PROBLEM	POSSIB	LE CAUSE	REMEDY
	I) Controller Board	1. Defective	1. See "II.2[e] CHECKING
			CONTROLLER BOARD."
	m) Interlock Switch	1. "OFF" position.	1. Move to "ON" position.
	(Cleaning Valve)	2. Bad contacts.	2. Check for continuity and
			replace.
[2] Water	a) Float switch	Connector disconnected.	Place in position.
continues to		2. Leads opened or defective	2. Check and replace.
be supplied,		switch.	
and the ice-		3. Float does not move freely.	3. Clean or replace.
maker will not	b) Controller Board	1. Defective.	1. Replace.
start.	a) Wash Curitah	4 500/00112 20014102	4 Maya ta "ICE" position
[3] Compressor	a) Wash Switch	1. "WASH" position. 2. Bad contacts.	1. Move to "ICE" position.
	b) High Pressure	Dirty Air Filter or	Check and replace.     Clean.
	Controller	Condenser.	1. Clean.
	Controller	2. Ambient or condenser	2. Reduce ambient temp.
		water temp. too warm.	2. Reduce ambient temp.
		3. Refrigerant overcharged.	3. Recharge.
		4. Condenser water pressure	4. Check and get
		too low or off. [Water-	recommended pressure.
		cooled model only].	
		5. Fan not operating. [Except	5. See chart 1 - [6].
		water-cooled model].	
		6. Refrigerant line or	6. Clean and replace Drier.
		components plugged.	
	c) Water Regulator	1. Set too high.	Adjust lower.
	d) Overload Protector	1. Bad contacts.	Check for continuity and
			replace.
		2. Voltage too low.	2. Increase voltage.
		3. Refrigerant overcharged or	3. Recharge.
		undercharged.	4. Check Line Valve's
		4. Line Valve continues to	
		close in freeze cycle and Overload Protector	operation in freeze cycle and replace.
		operates.	ани теріасе.
	e) Starter	1. Bad contacts.	Check and replace.
	e) Starter	2. Coil winding opened.	2. Replace.
	f) Start Capacitor or	1. Defective.	1. Replace.
	Run Capacitor		
	g) Magnetic Contactor	1. Bad contacts.	1. Check for continuity and
	0, 0		replace.
		2. Coil winding opened.	2. Replace.
	h) Compressor	Wiring to Compressor.	Check for loose
			connection or open, and
			replace.
		2. Defective.	2. Replace.
		3. Protector tripped.	3. Reduce temperature.
	i) Controller board	1. Defective.	1. See "II.2. [e] CHECKING
F 43 \ A / .	\\\\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	1 8	CONTROLLER BOARD."
[4] Water	a) Water Solenoid	1. Diaphragm does not close.	Check for water leaks
continues to	Valve	4 Defeative	with icemaker off.
be supplied in	b) Controller Board	1. Defective.	1. See "II.2.[e] CHECKING
freeze cycle.			CONTROLLER BOARD."

PROBLEM	POSSIBI	LE CAUSE	REMEDY
[5] No water	a) Water Supply Line	1. Water pressure too low and	1. Check and get
comes from		water level in Water Tank	recommended pressure.
Spray Tubes.		too low.	
Water Pump	b) Water Solenoid	1. Dirty mesh filter or orifice	1. Clean.
will not start, or	Valve	and water level in Water	
freeze cycle		Tank too low.	
time is too	c) Water System	1. Water leaks.	Check connections for
short.			water leaks, and replace.
		2. Clogged.	2. Clean.
	d) Pump Motor	Motor winding opened.	1. Replace.
		Bearing worn out.	2. Replace.
		3. Wiring to Pump Motor.	3. Check for loose
			connection or open, and
			replace.
		4. Defective Capacitor.	4. Replace.
		5. Defective or bound impeller.	5. Replace and clean.
	A Constanting Decoration	6. Mechanical Seal worn out.	6. Check and replace.
	e) Controller Board	1. Defective.	1. See "II.2. [e] CHECKING
[6] Fon Motor will	a) Fan Matar	1 Motor winding approad	CONTROLLER BOARD."
[6] Fan Motor will	a) Fan Motor	Motor winding opened.     Pooring worp out.	1. Replace.
not start, or is not operating.		Bearing worn out.     Wiring to Fan Motor.	Replace.     Check for loose
not operating.		3. Willing to Fair Motor.	connection or open, and
			replace.
		4. Defective Capacitor.	4. Replace
		5. Fan blade bound.	5. Check and replace.
	b) Controller Board	1. Defective.	1. See "II.2. [e] CHECKING
			CONTROLLER BOARD."
[7] All components	a) Refrigerant	1. Undercharged.	Check for leaks and
run but no ice	, ,	Ü	recharge.
is produced.		2. Air or moisture trapped.	2. Replace Drier, and
·			recharge.
	b) Compressor	Defective valve.	1. Replace.
	c) Hot Gas Solenoid	1. Continues to open in freeze	Check and replace.
	Valve	cycle.	
	d) Line Valve	<ol> <li>Continues to close in freeze cycle.</li> </ol>	Check and replace
	e) Water Supply Line	Condenser water pressure	1. Check and get
	[Water-cooled model	too low or off and Pressure	recommended pressure.
	only]	Control opens and closes	
		frequently.	

# 2. EVAPORATOR IS FROZEN UP

PROBLEM	POSSIB	LE CAUSE	REMEDY
[1] Freeze cycle time is too	a) Float Switch	Leads short-circuit or defective switch.	Check and replace.
long.		2. Float does not move freely.	2. Clean or replace.
long.	b) Water Solenoid	Diaphragm does not close.	Check for water leaks
	Valve	In Biapinagin acconstitution	with icemaker off.
	c) Controller Board	1. Defective.	1. See "II.2[e] CHECKING
	-,		CONTROLLER BOARD."
[2] All ice formed	a) Evaporator	1. Scaled up.	1. Clean.
on Evaporator	b) Water Supply Line	Water pressure too low.	1. Check and get
does not fall		•	recommended pressure.
into bin in	c) Water Solenoid	1. Dirty mesh filter or orifice.	1. Clean.
harvest cycle.	Valve	2. Diaphragm does not close.	2. Check for water leaks
			with icemaker off.
	d) Ambient and/or water temperature	1. Too cool.	Increase temperature.
	e) Line Valve	1. Continues to open in	Check operation in
		harvest cycle.	harvest cycle and replace.
	f) Thermistor	Out of position or loose	1. See "V. 11. REMOVAL
		attachment	AND REPLACEMENT OF
			THERMISTOR."
	g) Controller Board	Defrost Timer is set too	1. Adjust longer, referring
		short.	to "II. 2. [d] CONTROLS
			AND ADJUSTMENT, 2)
		2. Defective	Defrost Timer."
		2. Defective.	2. See "II. 2.[e] CHECKING
[3] Others	a) Spray Tubes	1. Clogged.	CONTROLLER BOARD."  1. Clean.
[3] Others	a) Spray Tubes	2. Out of position.	2. Place in position.
	b) Water System	1. Dirty.	1. Clean.
	c) Refrigerant	1. Undercharged.	Check for leaks and
	o) rtomgorant	Ti Grideronargoa.	recharge.
	d) Expansion Valve	1. Bulb out of position or	1. Place in position.
		loose attachment.	
		2. Defective.	2. Replace.
	e) Hot Gas Solenoid	1. Coil winding opened.	1. Replace.
	<sup>'</sup> Valve	2. Plunger does not move.	2. Replace.
		3. Wiring to Hot Gas Valve.	3. Check for loose
			connection or open, and
			replace.
	f) Water Supply Line	1. Too small; requires 3/8"	Increase Water Line size.
		OD line dedicated per	
		machine.	
	g) Water Filter (if	1. Flow rate too small.	Replace with filter with
	installed)		larger flow rate.

# 3. LOW ICE PRODUCTION

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY
[1] Freeze cycle time is long.	a) See chart 1 - [3], and check dirty Air Filter or Condense temperature, water pressure, Water Regulator or refrig b) See chart 2 - [1], and check Float Switch, Water Solen Board.	gerant charge.
[2] Harvest cycle time is long	a) See chart 2 - [2], and check Controller Board, Thermis and/or water temperature, water supply line, Water So Valve.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

# 4. ABNORMAL ICE

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE		REMEDY				
[1] Small Cube	a) Ice Cube Guide	1. Out of position.	1. Place in position.				
		Circulated water falls into					
		bin.					
	b) See chart 1 - [5], and check water supply line, Water Solenoid Valve, water system,						
	Pump Motor or Controller Board.						
	c) Drain Valve	1. Dirty.	1. Clean.				
[2] Cloudy or	a) See chart 2 - [1] and - [3], and check Float Switch, Water Solenoid Valve,						
irregular cube	Controller Board, Spray Tubes, water system, refrigerant charge or Expansion						
	Valve.						
	b) Spray Guide	1. Dirty.	1. Clean.				
	c) Water Quality	1. High hardness or contains	1. Install a water filter or				
		impurities.	softener.				

# 5. OTHERS

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE		REMEDY	
[1] Icemaker will	a) Bin Control	1. Set too cold.	1. Adjust warmer.	
not stop when	Thermostat	2. Defective.	2. Replace.	
bin is filled				
with ice.	For mechanical			
	bin control			
	see "II. 3. [c]"			
[2] Abnormal	a) Pump Motor	1. Bearings worn out.	1. Replace.	
noise	b) Fan Motor	1. Bearings worn out.	1. Replace.	
		2. Fan blade deformed.	2. Replace fan blade.	
		3. Fan blade does not move	3. Replace.	
		freely.		
	c) Compressor	1. Bearings worn out, or	1. Replace.	
		cylinder valve broken.		
		2. Mounting pad out of	2. Reinstall	
		position.		
	d) Refrigerant Lines	1. Rub or touch lines or other	1. Replace.	
		surfaces.		
[3] Ice in storage	a) Bin Drain	1. Plugged.	1. Clean.	
bin often				
melts.				

## V. REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT OF COMPONENTS

# **IMPORTANT**

Ensure all components, fasteners and thumbscrews are securely in place after the equipment is serviced.

#### IMPORTANT -

- 1. The Polyol Ester (POE) oils used in R-404A units can absorb moisture quickly. Therefore it is important to prevent moisture from entering the system when replacing or servicing parts.
- 2. Always install a new filter drier every time the sealed refrigeration system is opened.
- 3. Do not leave the system open for longer than 5 minutes when replacing or servicing parts.

#### 1. SERVICE FOR REFRIGERANT LINES

# [a] REFRIGERANT RECOVERY

The icemaker unit is provided with two Refrigerant Access Valves—one on the low-side and one on the high-side line. Using proper refrigerant practices recover the refrigerant from the Access Valves and store it in an approved container. Do not discharge the refrigerant into the atmosphere.

## [b] EVACUATION AND RECHARGE [R-404A]

1) Attach Charging Hoses, a Service Manifold and a Vacuum Pump to the system. Be sure to connect charging hoses to both High and Low -side Access Valves.

#### IMPORTANT -

The vacuum level and Vacuum Pump may be the same as those for current refrigerants. However, the rubber hose and gauge manifold to be used for evacuation and refrigerant charge should be exclusively for POE oils.

- 2) Turn on the Vacuum Pump. Never allow the oil in the Vacuum Pump to flow backward.
- 3) Allow the Vacuum Pump to pull down to a 29.9" Hg vacuum. Evacuating period depends on pump capacity.

- 4) Close the Low-side Valve and High-side Valve on the Service Manifold.
- 5) Disconnect the Vacuum Pump, and attach a Refrigerant Service Cylinder to the High-side line. Remember to loosen the connection, and purge the air from the Hose. See the Nameplate for the required refrigerant charge. Hoshizaki recommends only virgin refrigerant or reclaimed refrigerant which meets ARI Standard No. 700-88 be used.
- 6) A liquid charge is recommended for charging an R-404A system. Invert the service cylinder. Open the High-side, Service Manifold Valve.
- 7) Allow the system to charge with liquid until the pressures balance.
- 8) If necessary, add any remaining charge to the system through the Low-side. Use a throttling valve or liquid dispensing device to add the remaining liquid charge through the Low-side access port with the unit running.
- 9) Close the two Refrigerant Access Valves, and disconnect the Hoses and Service Manifold.
- 10) Cap the Access Valves to prevent a possible leak.

## 2. BRAZING

## **DANGER**

- 1. Refrigerant R-404A itself is not flammable at atmospheric pressure and temperatures up to 176° F.
- 2. Refrigerant R-404A itself is not explosive or poisonous. However, when exposed to high temperatures (open flames) R-404A can be decomposed to form hydrofluoric acid and carbonyl fluoride both of which are hazardous.
- 3. Always recover the refrigerant and store it in an approved container. Do not discharge the refrigerant into the atmosphere.
- 4. Do not use silver alloy or copper alloy containing Arsenic.
- 5. Do not use R-404A as a mixture with pressurized air for leak testing. Refrigerant leaks can be detected by charging the unit with a little refrigerant, raising the pressure with nitrogen and using an electronic leak detector.

Note: All brazing-connections inside the Evaporator Case are clear-paint coated. Sandpaper the brazing connections before unbrazing the components. Use a good abrasive cloth to remove coating.

## 3. REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT OF COMPRESSOR

#### - IMPORTANT -

Always install a new Drier every time the sealed refrigeration system is opened. Do not replace the Drier until after all other repair or replacement has been made.

Note: When replacing a Compressor with a defective winding, be sure to install the new Start Capacitor and Start Relay supplied with the replacement Compressor. Due to the ability of the POE oil in the compressor to absorb moisture quickly, the Compressor must not be opened more than 15 minutes for replacement or service. Do not mix lubricants of different compressors even if both are charged with R-404A, except when they use the same lubricant.

- 1) Turn off the power supply.
- 2) Remove the panels.
- 3) Recover the refrigerant and store it in an approved container.
- 4) Remove the Terminal Cover on the Compressor, and disconnect the Compressor Wiring.
- 5) Remove the Discharge and Suction Pipes using brazing equipment.
- 6) Remove the Hold-down Bolts, Washers and Rubber Grommets.
- 7) Slide and remove the Compressor. Unpack the new Compressor package. Install the new Compressor.
- 8) Attach the Rubber Grommets of the prior Compressor.
- 9) Sandpaper the Suction, Discharge and Process Pipes.
- 10) Place the Compressor in position, and secure it using the Bolts and Washers.
- 11) Remove plugs from the Suction, Discharge and Process Pipes.
- 12) Braze the Process, Suction and Discharge lines (Do not change this order), while purging with nitrogen gas flowing at the pressure 3 4 PSIG.
- 13) Install the new Filter Drier.
- 14) Check for leaks using nitrogen gas (140 PSIG) and soap bubbles.

- 15) Evacuate the system, and charge it with refrigerant. For air-cooled and water-cooled models, see the Nameplate for the required refrigerant charge. For remote air-cooled models, see the Charge Label in the machine compartment.
- 16) Connect the Terminals, and replace the Terminal Cover in its correct position.
- 17) Replace the panels in their correct positions.
- 18) Turn on the power supply.

## 4. REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT OF DRIER

#### - IMPORTANT -

Always install a new Drier every time the sealed refrigeration system is opened. Do not replace the Drier until after all other repair or replacement has been made.

- 1) Turn off the power supply.
- 2) Remove the panels.
- 3) Recover the refrigerant and store it in an approved container.
- 4) Remove the Drier.
- 5) Install the new Drier, with the arrow on the Drier, in the direction of the refrigerant flow. Use nitrogen gas at the pressure of 3 4 PSIG when brazing the tubings.
- 6) Check for leaks using nitrogen gas (140 PSIG) and soap bubbles.
- 7) Evacuate the system, and charge it with refrigerant. For air-cooled and water-cooled models, see the Nameplate for the required refrigerant charge. For remote air-cooled models, see the Charge Label in the machine compartment.
- 8) Replace the panels in their correct positions.
- 9) Turn on the power supply.

# 5. REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT OF EXPANSION VALVE

#### - IMPORTANT -

Sometimes moisture in the refrigerant circuit exceeds the Drier capacity and freezes up at the Expansion Valve. Always install a new Drier every time the sealed refrigeration system is opened. Do not replace the Drier until after all other repair or replacement has been made.

- 1) Turn off the power supply.
- 2) Remove the panels.

- 3) Recover the refrigerant and store it in an approved container.
- 4) Remove the insulation and the Expansion Valve Bulb on the suction line.
- 5) Remove the Expansion Valve Cover, and disconnect the Expansion Valve using brazing equipment.
- 6) Braze the new Expansion Valve, with nitrogen gas flowing at the pressure of 3 4 PSIG.

#### - Warning -

Always protect the valve body by using a damp cloth to prevent the valve from overheating. Do not braze with the valve body exceeding 250°F.

- 7) Install the new Drier.
- 8) Check for leaks using nitrogen gas (140 PSIG) and soap bubbles.
- 9) Evacuate the system, and charge it with refrigerant. For air-cooled and water-cooled models, see the Nameplate for the required refrigerant charge. For remote air-cooled models, see the Charge Label in the machine compartment.
- 10) Attach the Bulb to the suction line in position. Be sure to secure it with clamps and to insulate it.
- 11) Place the new set of Expansion Valve Covers in position.
- 12) Replace the panels in their correct positions.
- 13) Turn on the power supply.

# 6. REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT OF HOT GAS VALVE AND LINE VALVE

#### **CAUTION -**

Always use a copper tube of the same diameter and length when replacing the hot gas lines; otherwise the performance may be reduced.

#### **IMPORTANT** -

Always install a new Drier every time the sealed refrigeration system is opened. Do not replace the Drier until after all other repair or replacement has been made.

- 1) Turn off the power supply.
- 2) Remove the panels.
- 3) Recover the refrigerant and store it in an approved container.
- 4) Remove the screw and the Solenoid.
- 5) Disconnect the Hot Gas Valve or Line Valve using brazing equipment.
- 6) Install the new valve.

#### - Warning -

Always protect the valve body by using a damp cloth to prevent the valve from overheating. Do not braze with the valve body exceeding 250°F.

- 7) Install the new Drier.
- 8) Check for leaks using nitrogen gas (140 PSIG) and soap bubbles.
- 9) Evacuate the system, and charge it with refrigerant. For air-cooled and water-cooled models, see the Nameplate for the required refrigerant charge. For remote air-cooled models, see the Charge Label in the machine compartment.
- 10) Cut the leads of the Solenoid allowing enough lead length to reconnect using closed end connectors.
- 11) Connect the new Solenoid leads.
- 12) Attach the Solenoid to the valve body, and secure it with a screw.
- 13) Replace the panels in their correct positions.
- 14) Turn on the power supply.

#### 7. REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT OF EVAPORATOR

#### **IMPORTANT** -

Always install a new Drier every time the sealed refrigeration system is opened. Do not replace the Drier until after all other repairs or replacement have been made.

- 1) Turn off the power supply.
- 2) Remove the panels and the Top Insulation over the Evaporator.
- 3) Recover the refrigerant and store it in an approved container.
- 4) Remove the Spray Tubes and the Insulations at the "U" shaped notch where the refrigeration tubings go through the molded chassis.
- 5) Remove the Insulation Tube, and disconnect the Evaporator Inlet Tubing at the Tee next to the Expansion Valve.
- 6) Lift up the Evaporator, and disconnect the Evaporator Outlet Tubing.
- 7) Install the new Evaporator.
- 8) Install the new Drier.
- 9) Check for leaks using nitrogen gas (140 PSIG) and soap bubbles.
- 10) Evacuate the system, and charge it with refrigerant. For air-cooled and water-cooled models, see the Nameplate for the required refrigerant charge. For remote air-cooled models, see the Charge Label in the machine compartment.
- 11) Replace the removed parts in the reverse order of which they were removed.
- 12) Replace the Top Insulation and the panels in their correct positions.
- 13) Turn on the power supply.

# 8. REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT OF WATER REGULATING VALVE - WATER-COOLED MODEL ONLY

## **IMPORTANT**

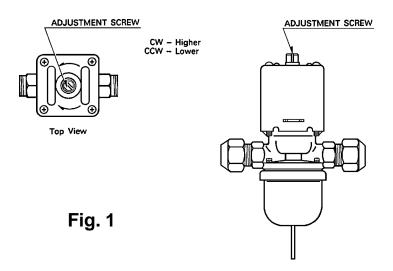
Always install a new Drier every time the sealed refrigeration system is opened. Do not replace the Drier until after all other repair or replacement has been made.

- 1) Turn off the power supply.
- 2) Close the Water Supply Line Shut-off Valve.
- 3) Remove the panels.
- 4) Recover the refrigerant and store it in an approved container.
- 5) Disconnect the Capillary Tube at the Condenser outlet using brazing equipment.
- 6) Disconnect the Flare-connections of the valve.
- 7) Remove the screws and the valve from the Bracket.
- 8) Install the new valve, and braze the Capillary Tube.
- 9) Install the new Drier.
- 10) Check for leaks using nitrogen gas (140 PSIG) and soap bubbles.
- 11) Evacuate the system, and charge it with refrigerant. See the Nameplate for the required refrigerant charge.
- 12) Connect the Flare-connections.
- 13) Open the Water Supply Line Shut-off Valve.
- 14) Check for water leaks.
- 15) Replace the panels in their correct positions.
- 16) Turn on the power supply.

# 9. ADJUSTMENT OF WATER REGULATING VALVE - WATER-COOLED MODEL ONLY

The Water Regulating Valve (also called "WATER REGULATOR") is factory-adjusted. No adjustment is required under normal use. Adjust the Water Regulator, if necessary, using the following procedures.

- 1) Attach a pressure gauge to the high-side line of the system. Or prepare a thermometer to check for the condenser drain temperature.
- 2) Rotate the adjustment screw by using a flat blade screwdriver, so that the pressure gauge shows the temperature specified in the table, 5 minutes after a freeze cycle or icemaking process starts. When the pressure exceeds 270 PSIG, or the condenser drain temperature exceeds the temperature range, rotate the adjustment screw counterclockwise. See Fig. 1.
- 3) Check that the pressure or the condenser drain temperature holds a stable setting.



# 10. REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT OF CONDENSING PRESSURE REGULATOR (C.P.R.) - REMOTE AIR-COOLED MODEL ONLY

#### · IMPORTANT

Always install a new Drier every time the sealed refrigeration system is opened. Do not replace the Drier until after all other repair or replacement has been made.

- 1) Turn off the power supply.
- 2) Remove the panels from the remote condenser unit.
- 3) Recover the refrigerant and store it in an approved container.
- 4) Before heating, break off the stub on the dome to release the dome charge.
- 5) Disconnect the C.P.R. using brazing equipment.
- 6) Install the new C.P.R. Use nitrogen gas at the pressure of 3 4 PSIG when brazing the C.P.R.

## WARNING

Always protect the C.P.R. body by using a damp cloth to prevent the C.P.R. from overheating. Do not braze with the C.P.R. body exceeding 250° F.

- 7) Install the new Drier in the icemaker.
- 8) Check for leaks using nitrogen gas (140 PSIG) and soap bubbles.
- 9) Evacuate the system and charge it with refrigerant. See the Charge Label in the machine compartment in the icemaker.
- 10) Replace the panels in their correct positions.
- 11) Turn on the power supply.

#### 11. REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT OF THERMISTOR

# CAUTION

- 1. Fragile, handle very carefully.
- 2. Always use a recommended sealant (High Thermal Conductive Type), Model KE4560RTV manufactured by SHINETSU SILICONE, Part Code 60Y000-11, or Part Code 4A0683-01 or equivalent.
- 3. Always use a recommended foam insulation (Non-absorbent Type) or equivalent.
- 4. Do not shorten or cut the Thermistor leads when installing it.
- 1) Turn off the power supply.
- 2) Remove the panels.
- 3) Remove the Control Box Cover.
- 4) Disconnect the Thermistor leads from the K3 Connector on the Controller Board.
- 5) Remove the Plastic Cable Ties, Foam Insulation, Thermistor Holder and Thermistor. See Fig. 2.
- 6) Scrape away the old sealant on the Thermistor Holder and the Suction Pipe.

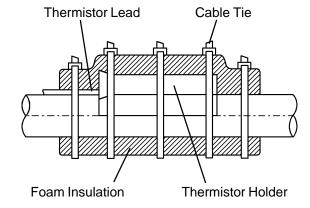


Fig. 2

- 7) Wipe off moisture or condensation on the Suction Pipe.
- 8) Smoothly apply recommended sealant (KE4560RTV, Part Code 60Y000-11 or 4A0683-01) to the Thermistor Holder concave.
- 9) Attach the new Thermistor to the Suction Pipe very carefully to prevent damage to the leads. And secure it using the Thermistor Holder and recommended foam insulation.

Note: For models with the Liquid Bypass, the Thermistor should be located upstream from the Liquid Bypass outlet, and its end should be 4-3/4" or more away from the outlet. See Fig. 3.

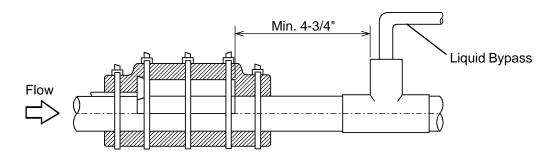


Fig. 3

- 10) Secure the insulation using the Plastic Cable Ties.
- 11) Connect the Thermistor leads through the bushing of the Control Box to the K3 Connector on the Controller Board.

Note: Do not cut the leads of the Thermistor while installing it.

- 12) Replace the Control Box Cover and the panels in their correct positions.
- 13) Turn on the power supply.

#### 12. REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT OF FAN MOTOR

Note: When replacing a Fan Motor with defective winding, it is recommended that a new capacitor be installed.

- 1) Turn off the power supply.
- 2) Remove the panels.
- 3) Remove the Junction Box Cover from the remote condenser unit (Remote Air-cooled model).
- 4) Remove the closed end connectors from the Fan Motor leads.
- 5) Remove the Fan Motor Bracket and Fan Motor.

- 6) Install the new Fan Motor, and replace the removed parts in the reverse order of which they were removed.
- 7) Replace the panels in their correct positions.
- 8) Replace the Junction Box Cover in its correct position (Remote Air-cooled model).
- 9) Turn on the power supply.

#### 13. REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT OF WATER VALVE

- 1) Turn off the power supply.
- 2) Close the Water Supply Line Shut-off Valve.
- 3) Remove the Front Panel.
- 4) Remove the Valve Outlet Tubing by releasing the Clamp.
- 5) Remove the Bracket from the unit.
- 6) Remove the Fitting Nut and Water Valve.
- 7) Disconnect the Terminals from the Water Valve.
- 8) Install the new Water Valve, and replace the removed parts in the reverse order of which they were removed.
- 9) Open the Water Supply Line Shut-off Valve.
- 10) Turn on the power supply.
- 11) Check for leaks.
- 12) Replace the Front Panel in its correct position.

#### 14. REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT OF PUMP MOTOR

- 1) Turn off the power supply.
- 2) Remove the Front Panel.

- 3) Remove the Base Cover.
- 4) Drain the Water Tank by removing one end of the Pump Tubing.
- 5) Replace the removed parts in their correct positions.
- 6) Disconnect the Pump Suction and Discharge Hoses.
- 7) Remove the screws and the Pump Motor Bracket.
- 8) Remove the closed end connectors from the Pump Motor leads.
- 9) Remove the two screws and the Pump Motor Bracket.
- 10) Remove the Pump Housing, and check the Impeller.
- 11) If the Impeller is defective, install a new Impeller.
- 12) Install the new motor or new parts, and replace the removed parts in the reverse order of which they were removed.
- 13) Turn on the power supply, and check for leaks.
- 14) Replace the Base Cover in its correct position.
- 15) Replace the Front Panel in its correct position.

#### 15. REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT OF SPRAY TUBES

- 1) Turn off the power supply.
- 2) Remove the Front Panel and the Insulation Panel.
- 3) Remove the Rubber Hoses from the Spray Tubes (Water Supply Pipe).
- 4) Release the Clamps, and disconnect the Rubber Hoses.
- 5) Remove the Spray Tubes by squeezing the side tabs.
- 6) Install the new Spray Tubes, and replace the removed parts in the reverse order of which they were removed.
- 7) Replace the panels in their correct positions.
- 8) Turn on the power supply.

#### VI. CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS

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Ensure all components, fasteners and thumbscrews are securely in place after any maintenance or cleaning is done to the equipment.

# 1. PREPARING THE ICEMAKER FOR LONG STORAGE

#### WARNING -

When shutting off the icemaker for an extended time, drain out all water from the water tank and remove the ice from the Storage Bin. The Storage Bin should be cleaned and dried. Drain the icemaker to prevent damage to the water supply line at sub-freezing temperatures, using air or carbon dioxide. Shut off the icemaker until the proper ambient temperature is resumed.

- When the icemaker is not used for two or three days, it is sufficient to only move the Control Switch to the "OFF" position, unless the icemaker will be at sub-freezing temperatures.
- [1] On water-cooled model only, first remove the water from the water-cooled condenser:
  - 1) Remove the Front Panel.
  - 2) Move the Control Switch, on the Control Box, to the "OFF" position.
  - 3) Wait 3 minutes.
  - 4) Move the Control Switch to the "ICE" position.
  - 5) Allow 5 minutes for the icemaker to fill with water and the Water Pump to start operating.
  - 6) Close the Water-cooled Condenser Water Supply Line Shut-off Valve.
  - 7) Open the Drain Valve for the water-cooled condenser water supply line.
  - 8) Allow the line to drain by gravity.

- 9) Attach compressed air or carbon dioxide supply to the Condenser Water Line Drain Valve.
- 10) Quickly blow the water-cooled Condenser out, using compressed air or carbon
- [2] Remove the water from the potable water supply line:
  - 1) Remove the Front Panel. (Except water-cooled model)
  - 2) Move the Control Switch, on the Control Box, to the "OFF" position.
  - 3) Wait 3 minutes.
  - 4) Close the Potable Water Supply Line Shut-off Valve and open the Potable Water Supply Line Drain Valve.
  - 5) Allow the line to drain by gravity.
  - 6) Attach compressed air or carbon dioxide supply to the Potable Water Line Drain Valve.
  - 7) Move the Control Switch to the "ICE" position.
  - 8) Blow the potable water line out using compressed air or carbon dioxide.
- [3] Drain the Potable Water Tank:
  - 1) Turn off the power supply.
  - 2) Move the Control Switch to the "OFF" position.
  - Drain the Water Tank by removing the base cover and one end of the pump tubing. See Fig. 4.
  - 4) Replace the removed parts in their correct positions.
  - 5) Remove all ice from the Storage Bin, and clean the Storage Bin.
  - 6) Replace the Front Panel in its correct position.
  - 7) Close the Drain Valve.

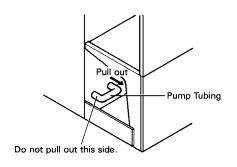


Fig. 4

#### 2. CLEANING

#### **IMPORTANT**

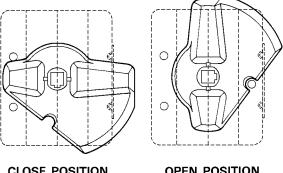
Ensure all components, fasteners and thumbscrews are securely in place after any maintenance or cleaning is done to the equipment.

#### WARNING -

- 1. HOSHIZAKI recommends cleaning this unit at least once a year. More frequent cleaning, however, may be required in some existing water conditions.
- 2. To prevent injury to individuals and damage to the icemaker, do not use ammonia type cleaners.
- 3. Always wear liquid-proof gloves for safe handling of the cleaning and sanitizing solution. This will prevent irritation in case the solution comes into contact with skin.

# IMPORTANT -

- 1. The Cleaning Valve is used to allow solution flow to the inside of the Evaporator during the cleaning and sanitizing operation. It should be closed for all icemaking operation. The Compressor will not operate unless this valve is completely closed.
- 2. To open the Cleaning Valve, the Valve Handle should be parallel to the valve body. To close the valve, the Valve Handle should be at a right angle to the valve body.



**CLOSE POSITION** 

**OPEN POSITION** 

# [a] CLEANING PROCEDURE

- 1) Dilute 16 fl. oz. of the recommended cleaner Hoshizaki "Scale Away" or "LIME-A-WAY" (Economics Laboratory, Inc.) with 3 gal. of water.
- 2) Remove all ice from the Evaporator and the Storage Bin.
  - Note: To remove cubes on the Evaporator, turn off the power supply and turn it on after 3 minutes. The defrost cycle starts and the cubes will be removed from the Evaporator.
- 3) Turn off the power supply.
- 4) Remove the Front Panel and then remove the Insulation Panel, by first removing the thumbscrew, lifting the panel slightly and pulling it toward you.
- 5) Remove the Base Cover.
- 6) Drain the Water Tank by removing one end of the Pump Tubing. See Fig. 4.
- 7) Replace the removed parts in their correct positions.
- 8) Pour the cleaning solution into the Water Tank.
- 9) Fully open the Cleaning Valve on the left side wall of the machine compartment.
- 10) Move the Control Switch, on the Control Box, to the "WASH" position.
- 11) Replace the Insulation Panel and the Front Panel in their correct positions.
- 12) Turn on the power supply, and start the washing process.
- 13) Turn off the power supply after 30 minutes.
- 14) Remove the Front Panel and the Insulation Panel.
- 15) Drain the Water Tank. (See the above step 6).
- 16) Replace the removed parts in their correct positions.
- 17) Move the Control Switch to the "ICE" position.
- 18) Close the Cleaning Valve.

Note: The icemaker will not operate unless the Cleaning Valve is completely closed.

- 19) Replace the Front Panel in its correct position.
- 20) Turn on the power supply to fill the Water Tank with water.
- 21) Turn off the power supply after 3 minutes.
- 22) Remove the Front Panel, and fully open the Cleaning Valve.
- 23) Move the Control Switch to the "Wash" position.
- 24) Replace the Front Panel in its correct position.
- 25) Turn on the power supply to rise off the cleaning solution.
- 26) Turn off the power supply after 5 minutes.
- 27) Remove the Front Panel and Insulation Panel.
- 28) Drain the Water Tank by removing one end of the Pump Tubing. See Fig. 4.
- 29) Replace the removed parts in their correct positions.

Note: Do not replace the InsulationPanel when you proceed to "[b] SANITIZING PROCEDURE."

28) Repeat the above steps 17 through 29 three more times to rinse thoroughly.

Note: If you do not sanitize the icemaker, go to step 9 in "[b] SANITIZING PROCEDURE."

# [b] SANITIZING PROCEDURE - Following Cleaning Procedure

- 1) Dilute a 5.25 % Sodium Hypochlorite solution with water (Add 1.5 fl. oz. of sanitizer to 3 gal. of water).
- 2) Remove the Insulation Panel, if it is in its usual position.
- 3) Pour the sanitizing solution into the Water Tank.
- 4) Replace the Insulation Panel and the Front Panel in their correct positions.

Note: Make sure that the Control Switch is in the "WASH" position and the Cleaning Valve is open.

- 5) Turn on the power supply, and start the sanitizing process.
- 6) Turn off the power supply after 15 minutes.
- 7) Remove the Front Panel and if necessary, the Insulation Panel.
- 8) Drain the Water Tank. See the above step 5) in "[a] CLEANING PROCEDURE."
- 9) Replace the removed parts and the Insulation Panel in their correct position.
- 10) Repeat the above steps 17) through 29) in "[a] CLEANING PROCEDURE" two times to rinse thoroughly.
- 11) Close the Cleaning Valve.
- 12) Move the Control Switch to the "ICE" position.
- 13) Replace the Front Panel in its correct position.
- 14) Clean the Storage Bin with water.
- 15) Turn on the power supply, and start the automatic icemaking process.

## 3. MAINTENANCE

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This icemaker must be maintained individually, referring to the instruction manual and labels provided with the icemaker.

## 1) Stainless Steel Exterior

To prevent corrosion, wipe the exterior occasionally with a clean and soft cloth. Use a damp cloth containing a neutral cleaner to wipe off oil or dirt build up.

## 2) Storage Bin and Scoop

- Wash your hands before removing ice. Use the plastic scoop provided.
- The Storage Bin is for ice use only. Do not store anything else in the bin.
- Keep the scoop clean. Clean it by using a neutral cleaner and rinse thoroughly.
- Clean the bin liner by using a neutral cleaner. Rinse thoroughly after cleaning.

# 3) Condenser (Except water-cooled model)

Check the Condenser once a year, and clean, if required, by using a brush or vacuum cleaner. More frequent cleaning may be required depending on the location of the icemaker.